



WAR'S IMPACT ON UKRAINE'S IT INDUSTRY





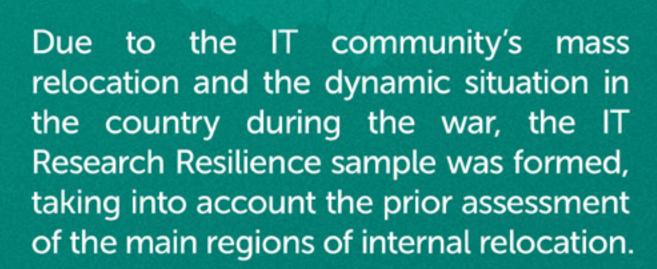


IT RESEARCH RESILIENCE

IT Research Resilience is the only comprehensive, in-depth study of Ukraine's tech industry during the war, which aims to analyze the current situation and forecast the future scenarios for development.

OUR APPROACH TO THE STUDY







As a result of the assessment, it was indicated that the top regions for relocation are Lviv, Ivano-Frankivsk, Ternopil, Zakarpattia, Chernivtsi, Rivne, and Volyn regions.



Therefore, conducting a survey with a specialized modular sample in these regions provided coverage of IT community representatives who were on the territory of Ukraine during the research period.

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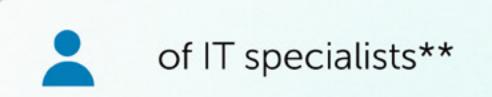
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1.1 Key indicators of the IT industry in 2021

\$6.9 billion

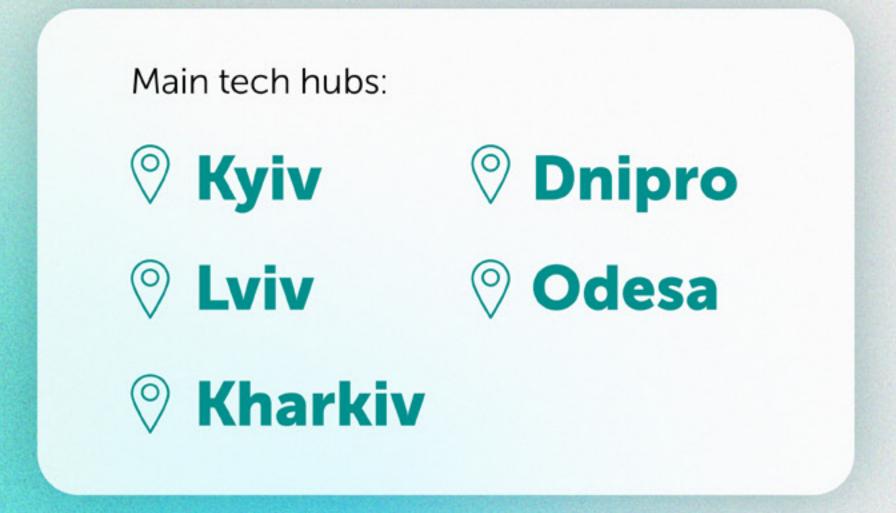
285 000





+38%

industry growth in 2021 compared to 2020

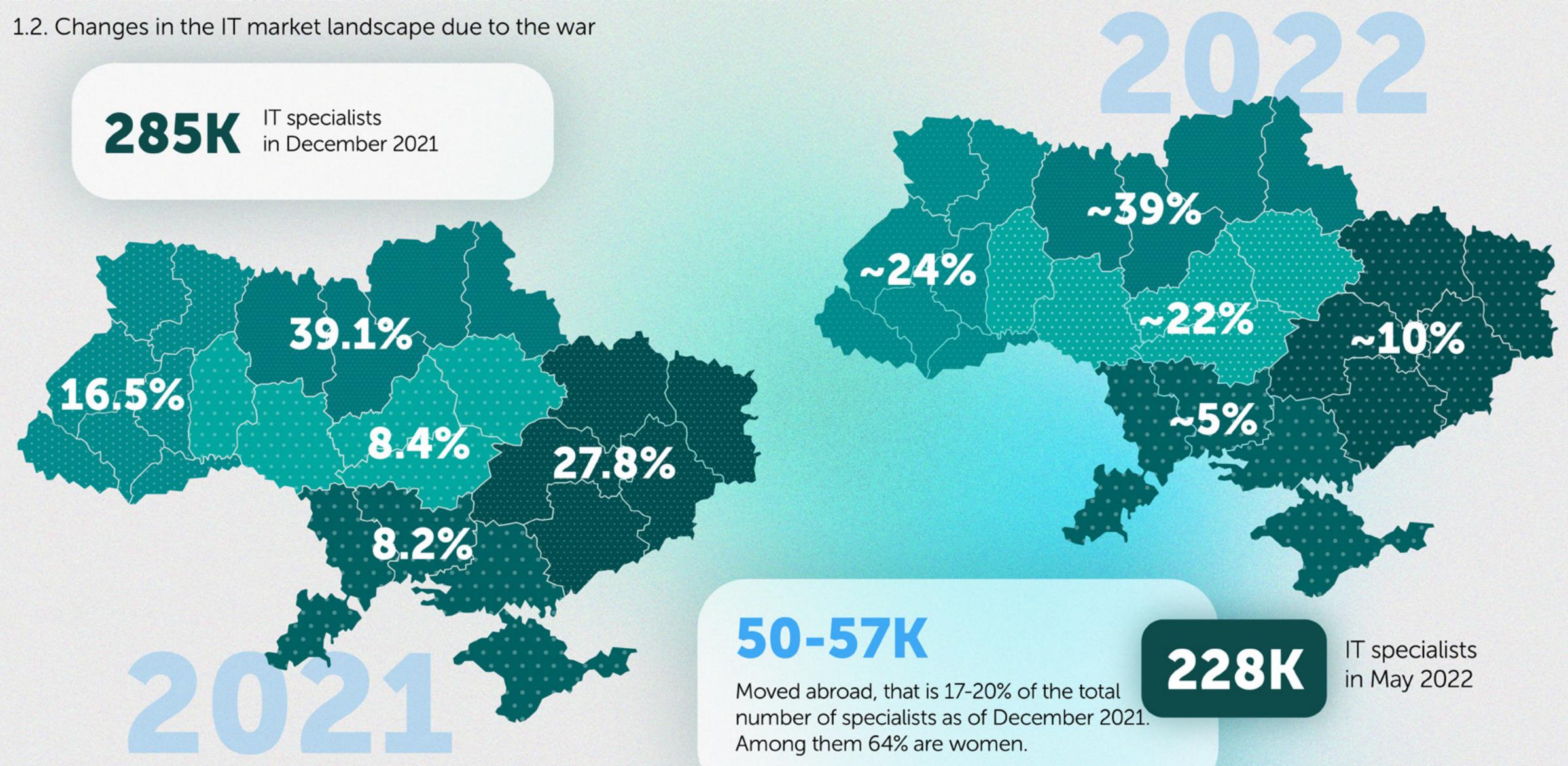


[°] 34-38%

[°] 62-66%

^{*} NBU data

^{**} According to the IT Ukraine Association Ukraine IT Report 2021



1.3. IT specialist profile and work specifics

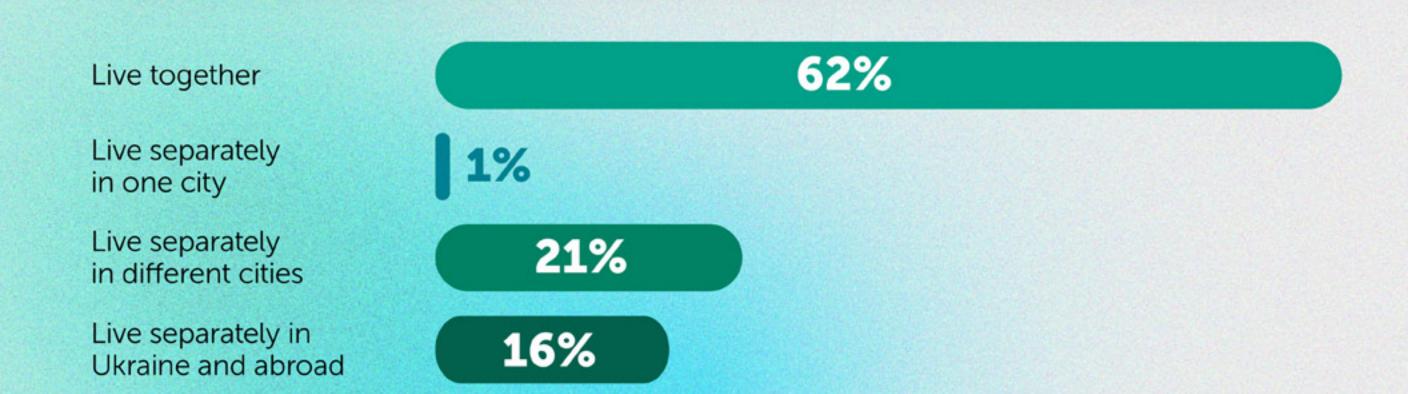
Average age of IT specialist





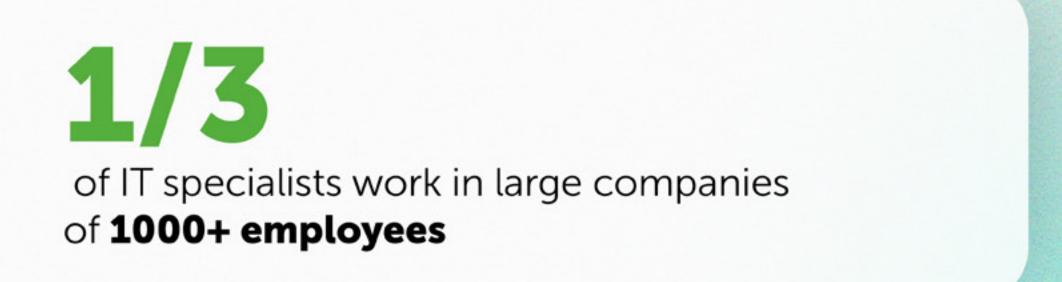


of IT specialists have family members abroad, including those who have moved because of the war. In the case of living apart from their families, in different cities in Ukraine or abroad, the migration intentions of IT specialists increase.

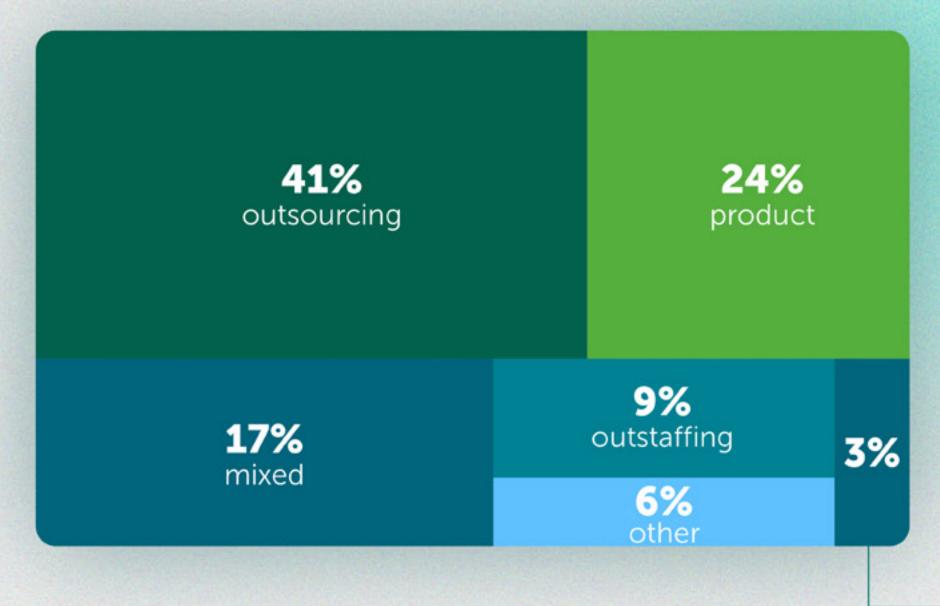




1.3. IT specialist profile and work specifics

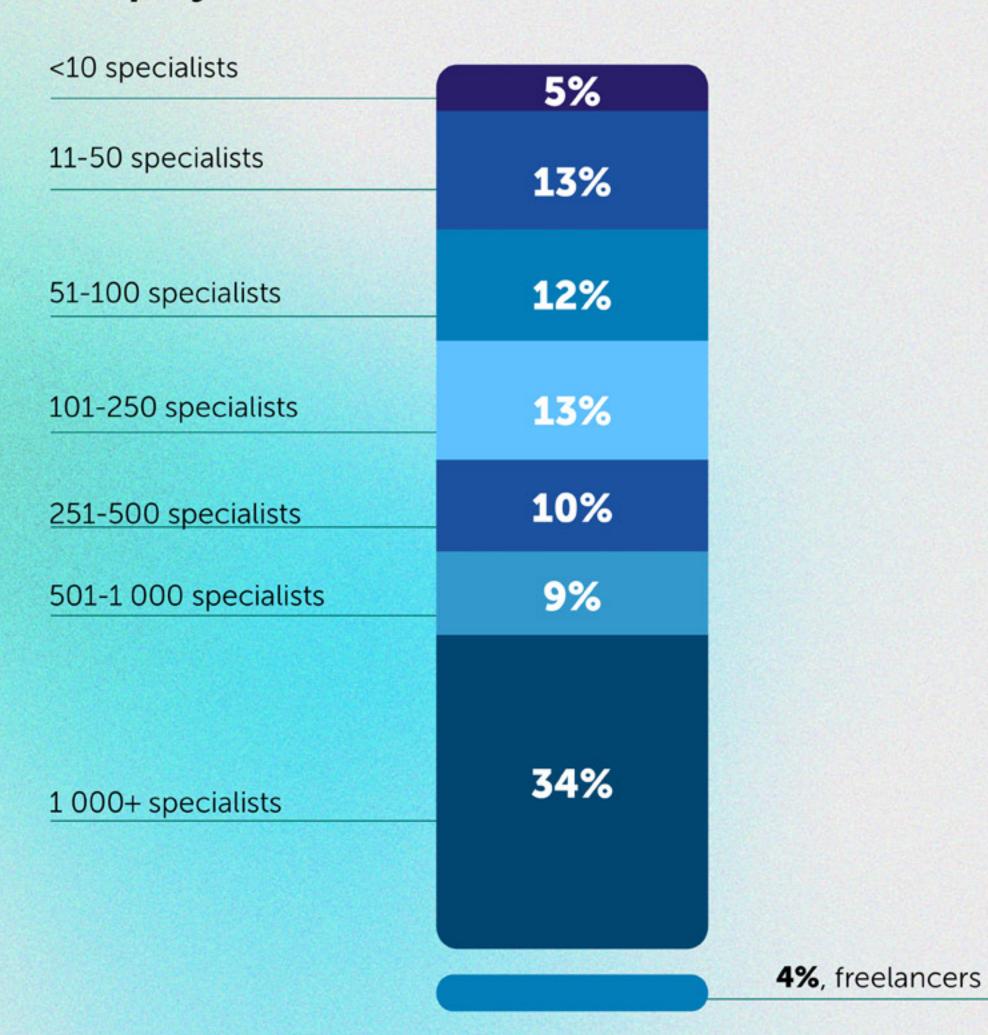


Company type



Company size

startup



1.3. IT specialist profile and work specifics

Qualification level

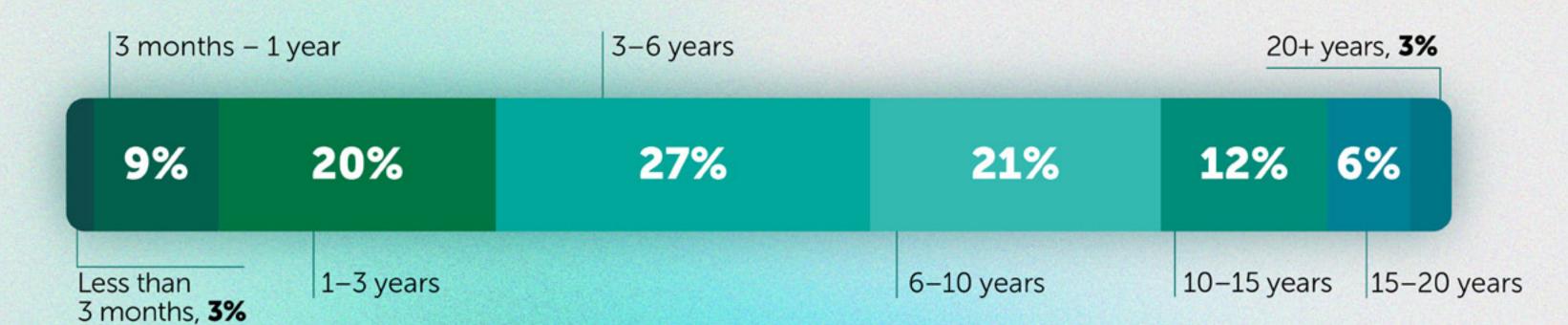




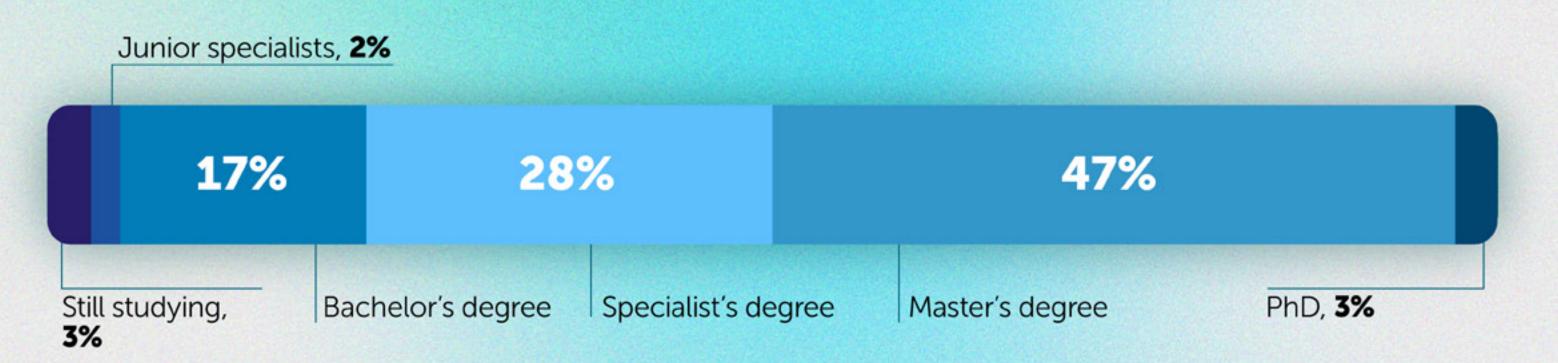




Work experience in IT

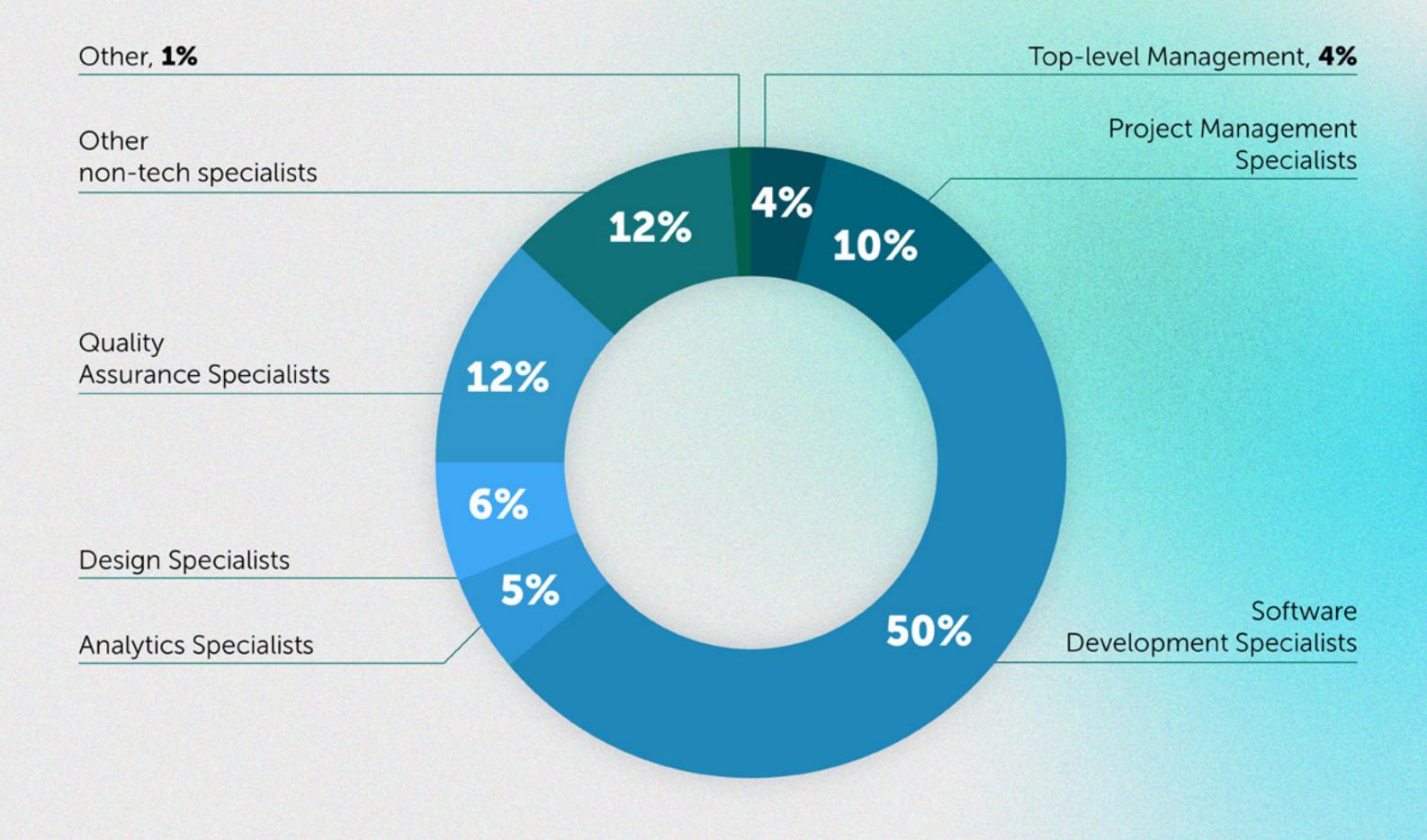


Education level



1.3. IT specialist profile and work specifics





Half of all IT specialists work as Software Development specialists.

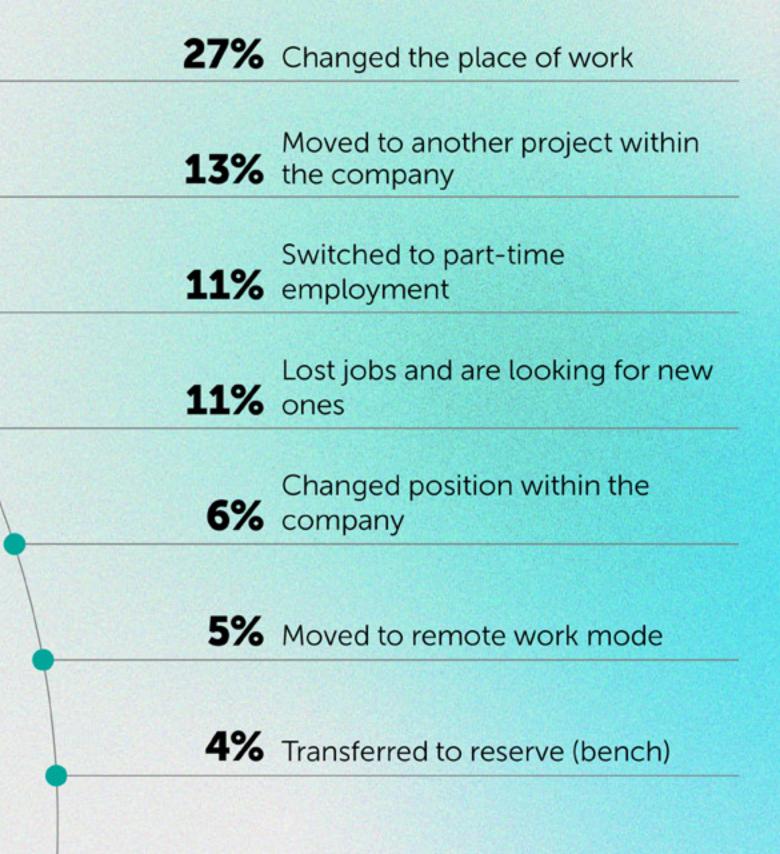
the share of tech specialists in general

1.4. Changes in work of IT specialists caused by the war

44%

noted that their work

has changed



In addition to the usual changes in work, which were typical before the war, such as changing the place of work or switching to another project, new ones have also appeared — part-time employment and unemployment.

Other changes amounted to 14%:

- Reduced the amount of work (including loss of client/clients)
- Increase in the amount of work
- Lost (career) promotion, salary or bonuses (vacation, insurance)
- Reorganized the work process under new conditions
- Reduced work productivity / feel emotional desolation
- Changed the team composition, including the layoffs
- The company changed the market/expanded into new markets

MENU

1.5. Form of employment of IT specialists

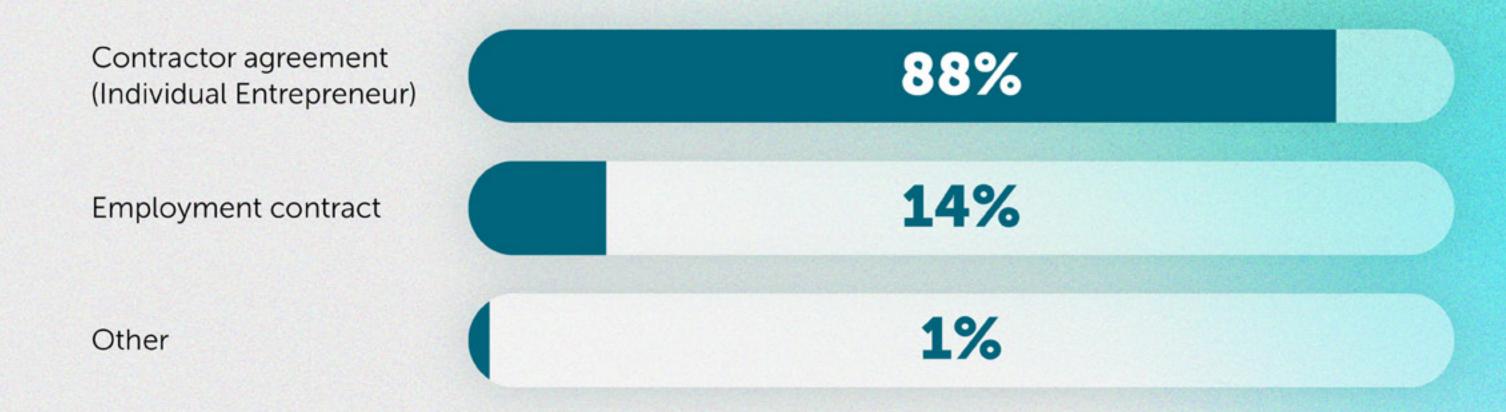
18%

plan to legalize abroad as an Individual Entrepreneur

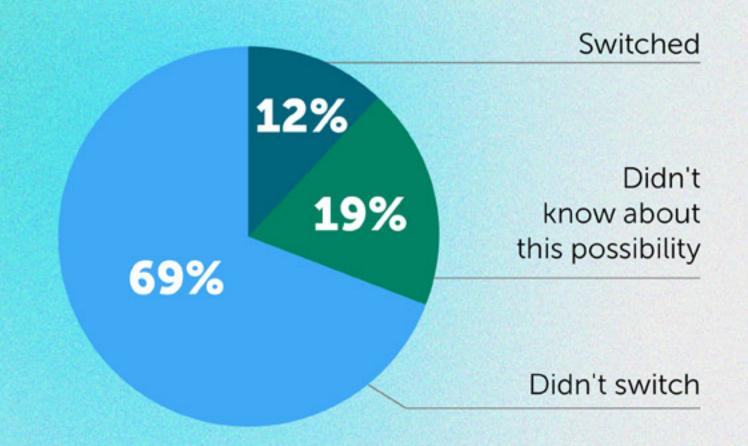
switched to a 12% simplified single tax system (2% instead simplified single tax of 5%)**

plan to change the place of registration of Individual Entrepreneur

Form of employment of IT specialists*:



Transition to 2% single tax system:

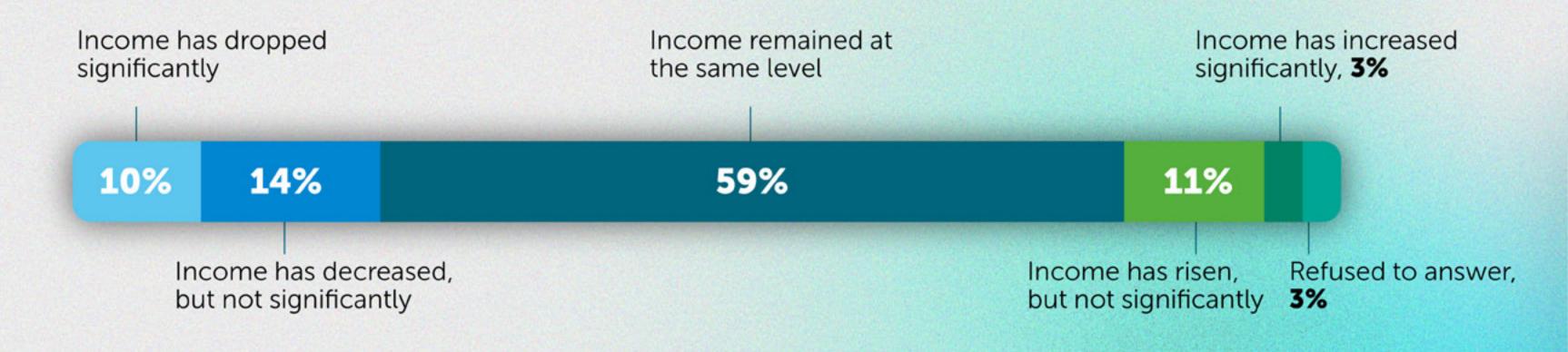


^{*} Respondents had more than one answer option

^{**} Among respondents working under a contract

1.6. IT specialist income and expenses

Estimation of changes in monthly income



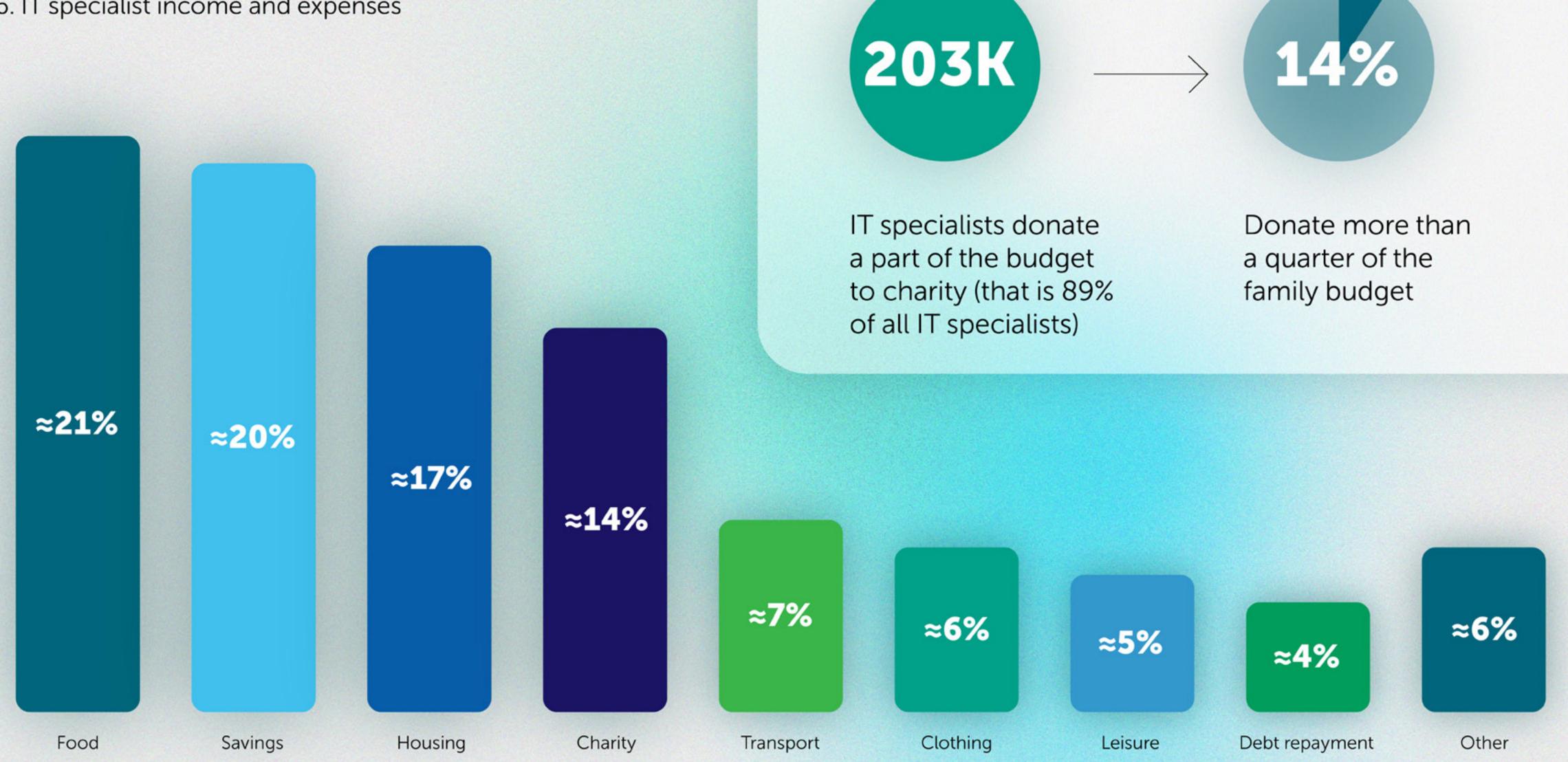
Estimation of changes in monthly expenses



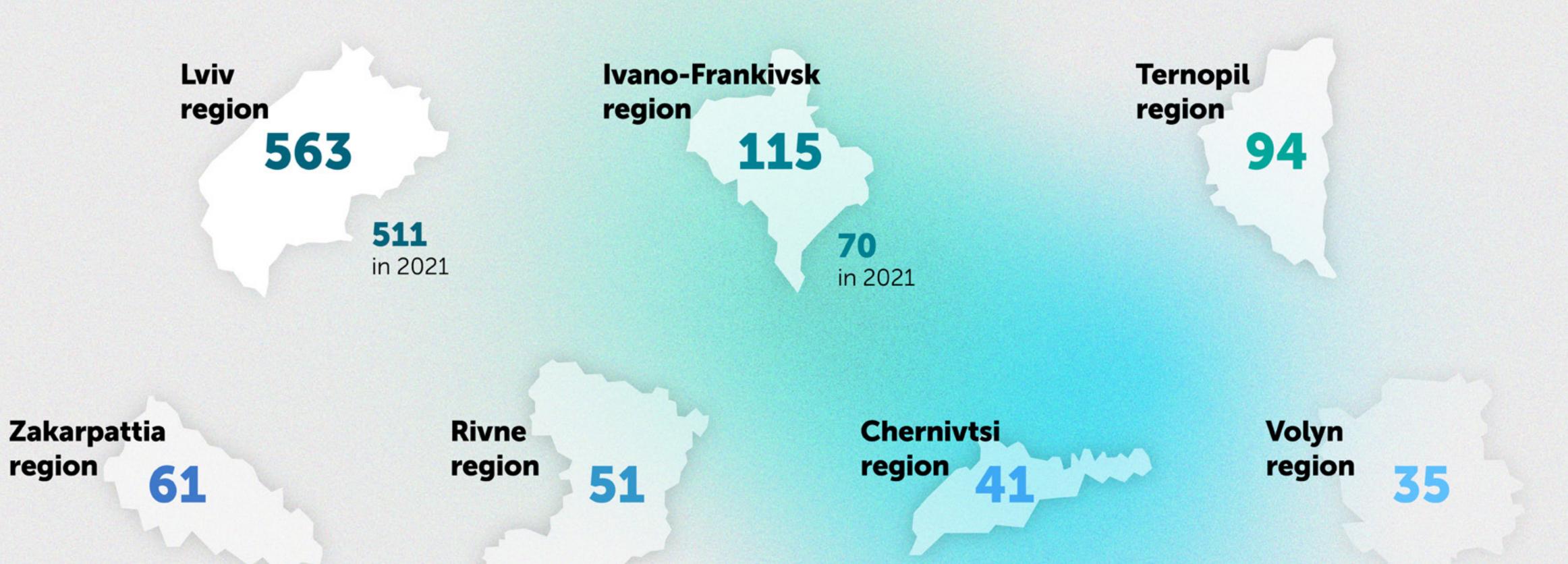
73%

of IT professionals indicate that their income has increased or remained at the same level. However, expenses have also increased.

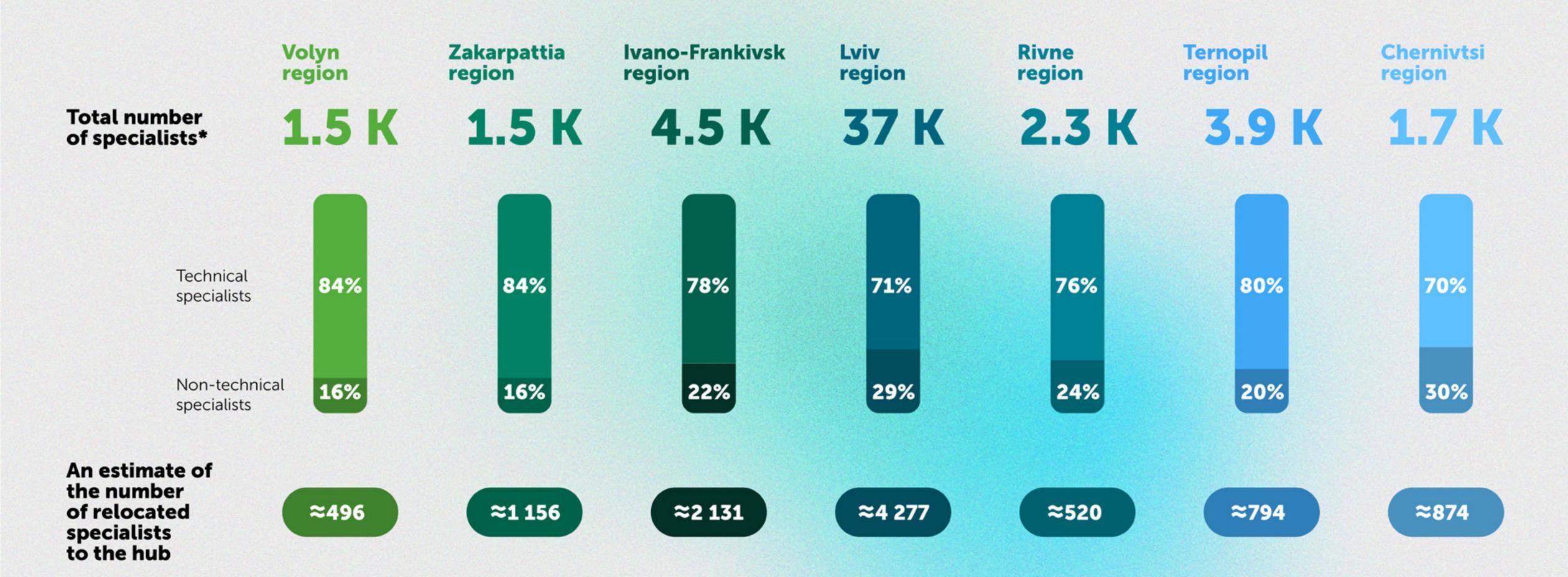
1.6. IT specialist income and expenses



2.1. Number of IT companies' representative offices



2.2. Number of IT specialists, estimates on the number of relocated



^{*}When calculating the number of IT specialists, the data of IT companies were taken into account without taking into account the number of freelancers.

The number of relocated IT specialists was estimated as of April-May 2022. The organizers of the study are aware that during the period 05-07.2022, some of the relocated IT specialists could have already returned to their previous place of residence, or moved again. Factors that complicated the process of counting the number of relocated: 1) since the beginning of the full-scale invasion, some specialists moved several times; 2) they did not always inform the company about their location; 3) relocated independently, including after an organized relocation with the company.

2.3. Market structure by the number of IT company employees

	Volyn region	Zakarpattia region	Ivano-Frankivsk region	Lviv region	Rivne region	Ternopil region	Chernivtsi region
Micro-companies up to 10 employees	12%	24%	7%	3%	15%	28%	6%
Small companies from 11 to 50 employees	40%	23%	16%	22%	28%	23%	21%
Small+ companies from 51 to 100 employees	36%	12%	17%	13%	16%	27%	7%
Medium-sized companies from 101 to 250 employees	13%		13%	19%	18%	22%	9%
Large companies from 251 to 500 employees		41%	9%	5%	23%		18%
Large+ companies from 501 to 1000 employees			13%	5%			39%
Large++ companies more than 1000 employees			24%	33%	1/3		1/4

MENU

work in small companies

with up to 50 employees

of IT specialists work in companies

sized 501 or more employees

2.4. IT specialist income

\$2360 median income of IT specialists in Ukraine

Median income					
	relocated IT specialists	local IT specialists			
Volyn region	\$1900	\$1000			
Zakarpattia region	\$2 900	\$2 100			
Ivano-Frankivsk region	\$2 300	\$1700			
Lviv region	\$3 000	\$2 400			
Rivne region	\$1800	\$1600			
Ternopil region	\$2 000	\$1200			
Chernivtsi region	\$2 500	\$1600			

\$1 339

\$2 102

2.5. Expenses of the relocated IT specialists

The first month

\$14.7 million

according to an average estimate, IT specialists in the western regions of Ukraine spent on organizing their lives in the first month after moving

Monthly

\$13.6 million

relocated IT specialists spend monthly in the regions they are currently based in

Forecast

\$137.1 million

may reach the total amount of such expenses by the end of 2022 if the relocated IT specialists remain in these regions and spend the same amount monthly

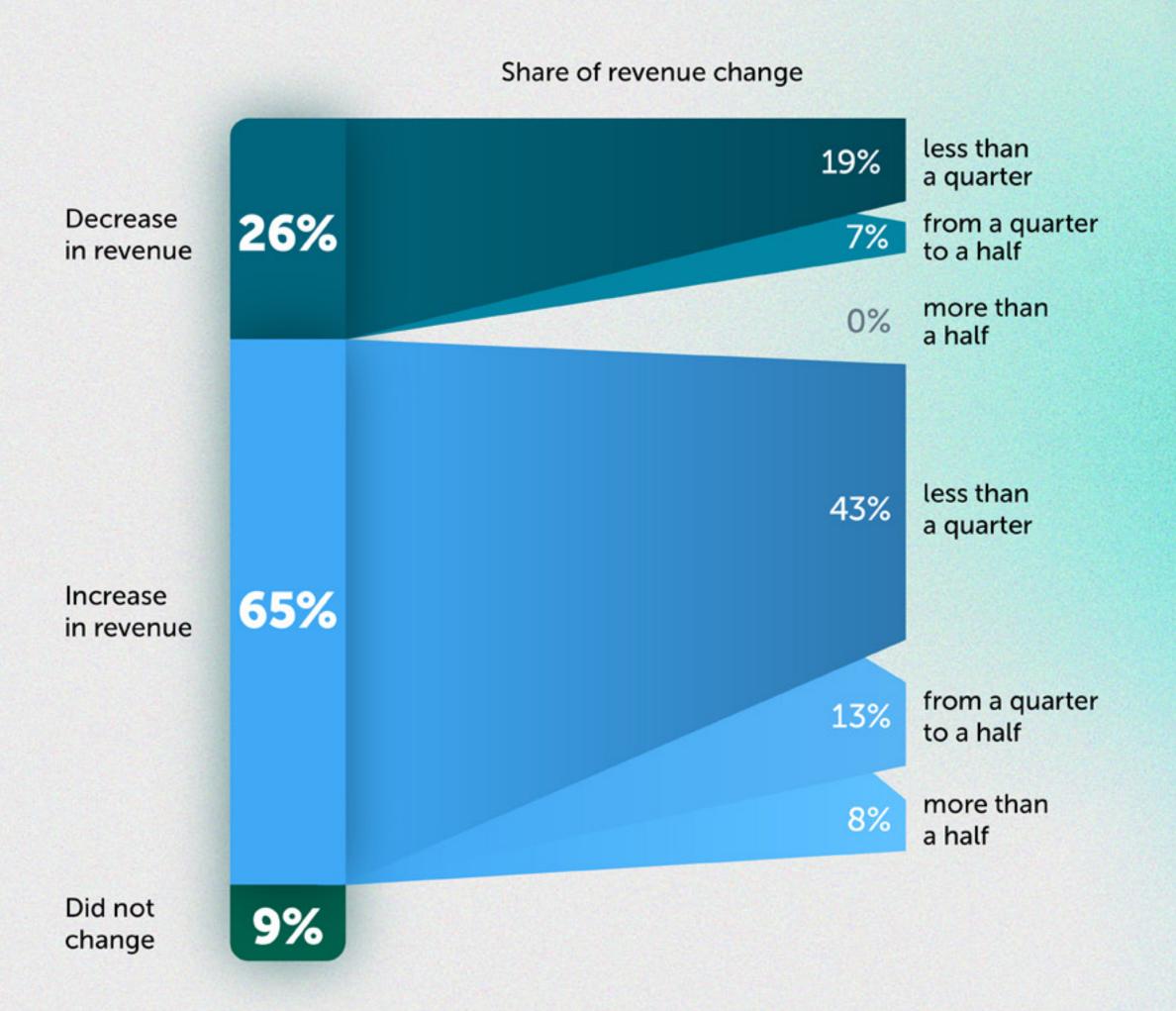
Average expenses of relocated IT professionals, per person

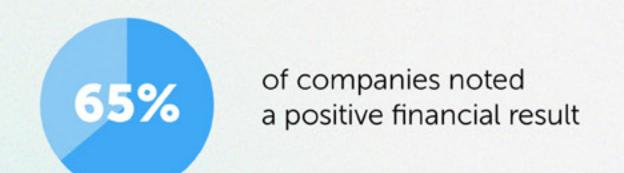
	Volyn region	Zakarpattia region	Ivano-Frankivsk region	Lviv region	Rivne region	Ternopil region	Chernivtsi region
In the first month of relocation	\$1 040	\$1 419	\$1 272	\$1 698	\$1 027	\$1 030	\$1 399
Monthly expenses on food, housing, clothing and leisure	\$971	\$1 637	\$1 267	\$1 395	\$1 085	\$1 141	\$1 288

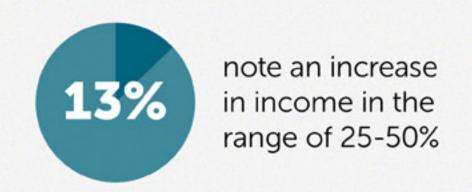


3.1. Business activity, income and expenses of companies

Financial results of companies as of Q1 2022







Financial results of companies as of Q1 2022 based on market orientation

IT companies that noted a decrease in revenue:



70% foreign market share is more than 50%

foreign market share is 25-50%

foreign market share up to 25%

4% focus only on internal markets

IT companies that noted an increase in revenue:

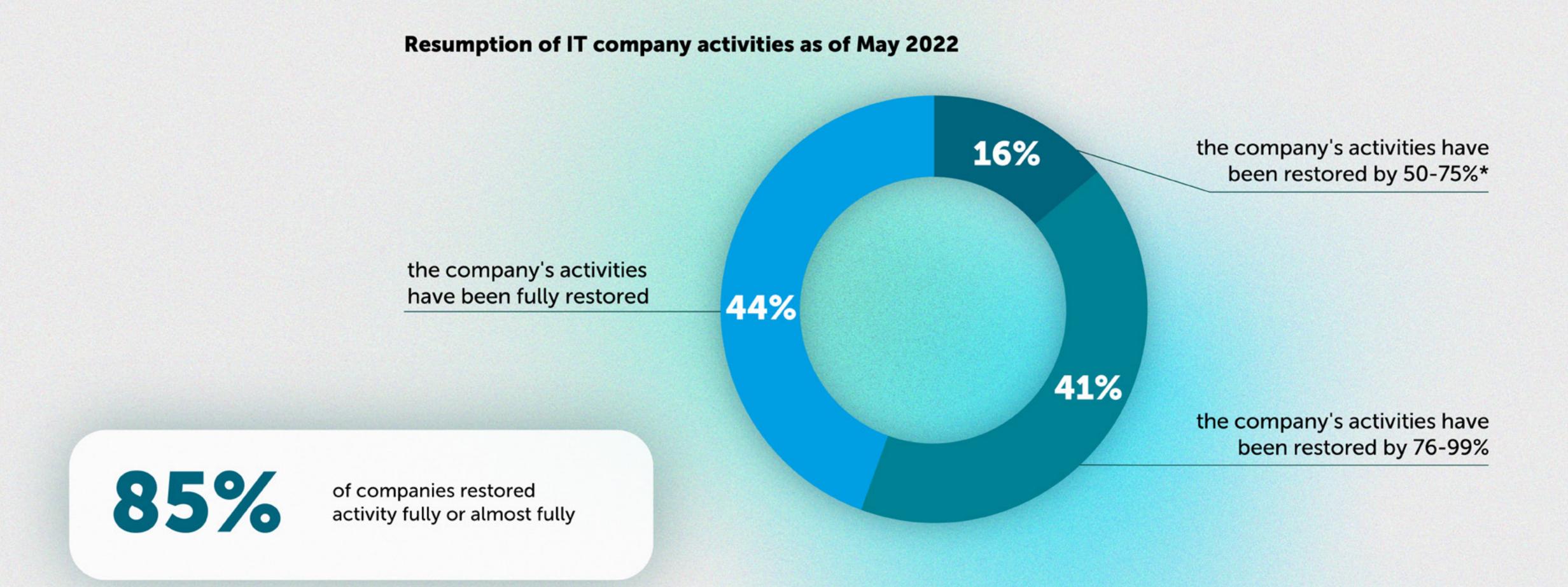


96% foreign market share is more than 50%

2% foreign market share up to 25%

2% focus only on internal markets

3.1. Business activity, income and expenses of companies

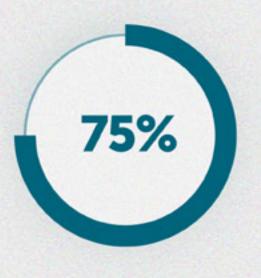


^{*} Pre-war work activity was taken as 100%

3.1. Business activity, income and expenses of companies

Cooperation of IT companies with clients*

have active projects without sprint changes



have projects put on hold



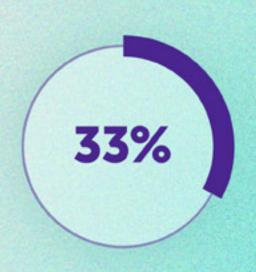
have active projects
with changes in previous
terms and conditions
of the contract



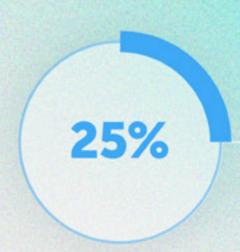
have new orders



have active projects with adapted sprints



have terminated contracts



32%

of CEOs indicate that they received messages from clients on suspension or postponement of projects due to the situation in Ukraine. 55%

of CEOs state that their company received messages from clients on new opportunities for cooperation as an act of support in connection with the war in Ukraine.

58%

of companies indicate that they have new orders from clients.

18%

of them estimate the share of lost revenue as 25-50% connected with the contract termination caused by the war.

7%

lost more than half of the revenue.

^{*} Respondents could choose more than one option.

3.1. Business activity, income and expenses of companies

96%

of companies state that they financially support the wartime projects that bring us closer to the victory*



^{*}By wartime projects we mean financial support of the Ukrainian Armed Forces or Territorial Defence, humanitarian missions, purchase of equipment etc.

^{**}As of May 2022.

3.2. Mobilization and compensation policies

Situation in IT companies with mobilization and receiving summons*

	Mobilized 6	employees in the	e company	Employees that received military summons			
	Yes	No	Refused to answer	Yes	No	Refused to answer	
TOTAL	63%	34%	3%	58%	32%	10%	
Companies up to 100 employees	44%	51%	4%	54%	39%	7%	
Companies from 101 to 500 employees	89%	11%	0%	71%	25%	4%	
Companies from 501+ employees	94%	0%	6%	53%	12%	35%	

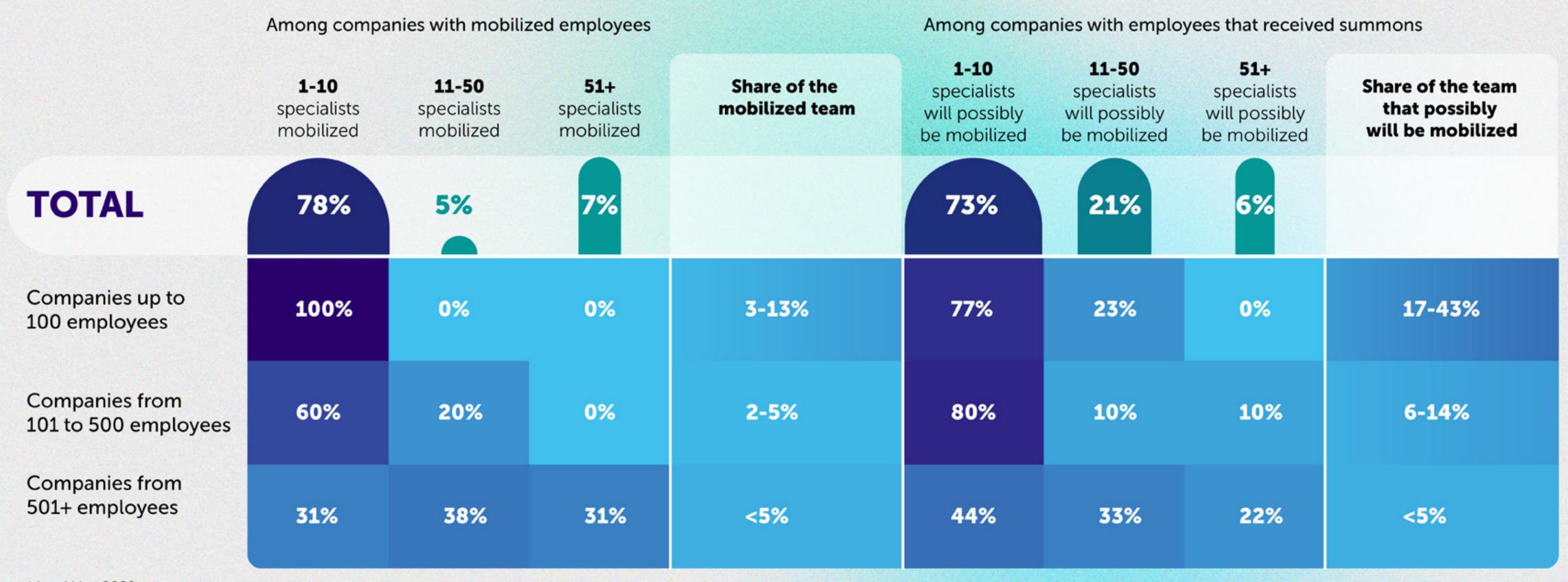


IT professionals joined the Armed Forces or Territorial Defence

^{*} As of May 2022.

3.2. Mobilization and compensation policies

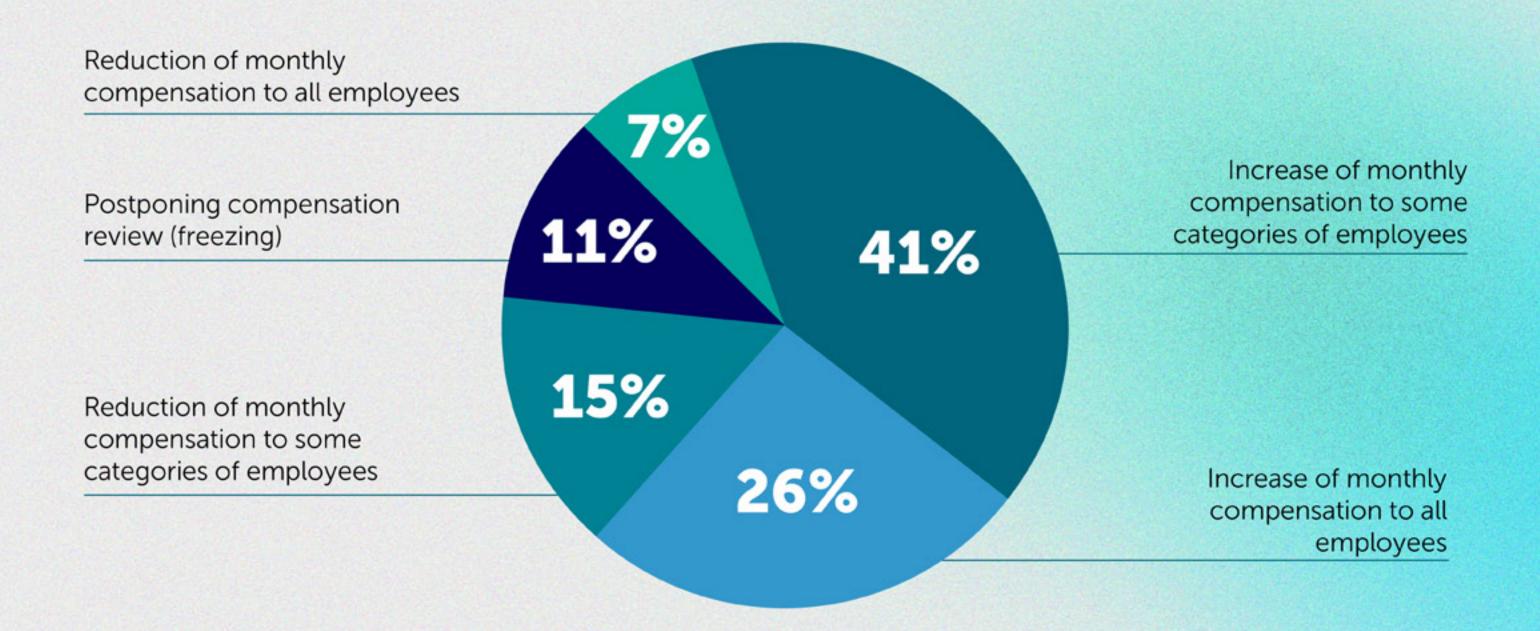
Number of employees who will actually or possibly stop working in Ukrainian IT companies due to mobilization and conscription*

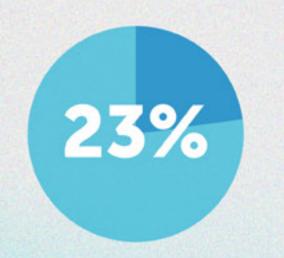


^{*}As of May 2022.

3.2. Mobilization and compensation policies

Overall changes in the companies' compensation policy*





declared changes in the company's compensation policy since February 24, 2022.

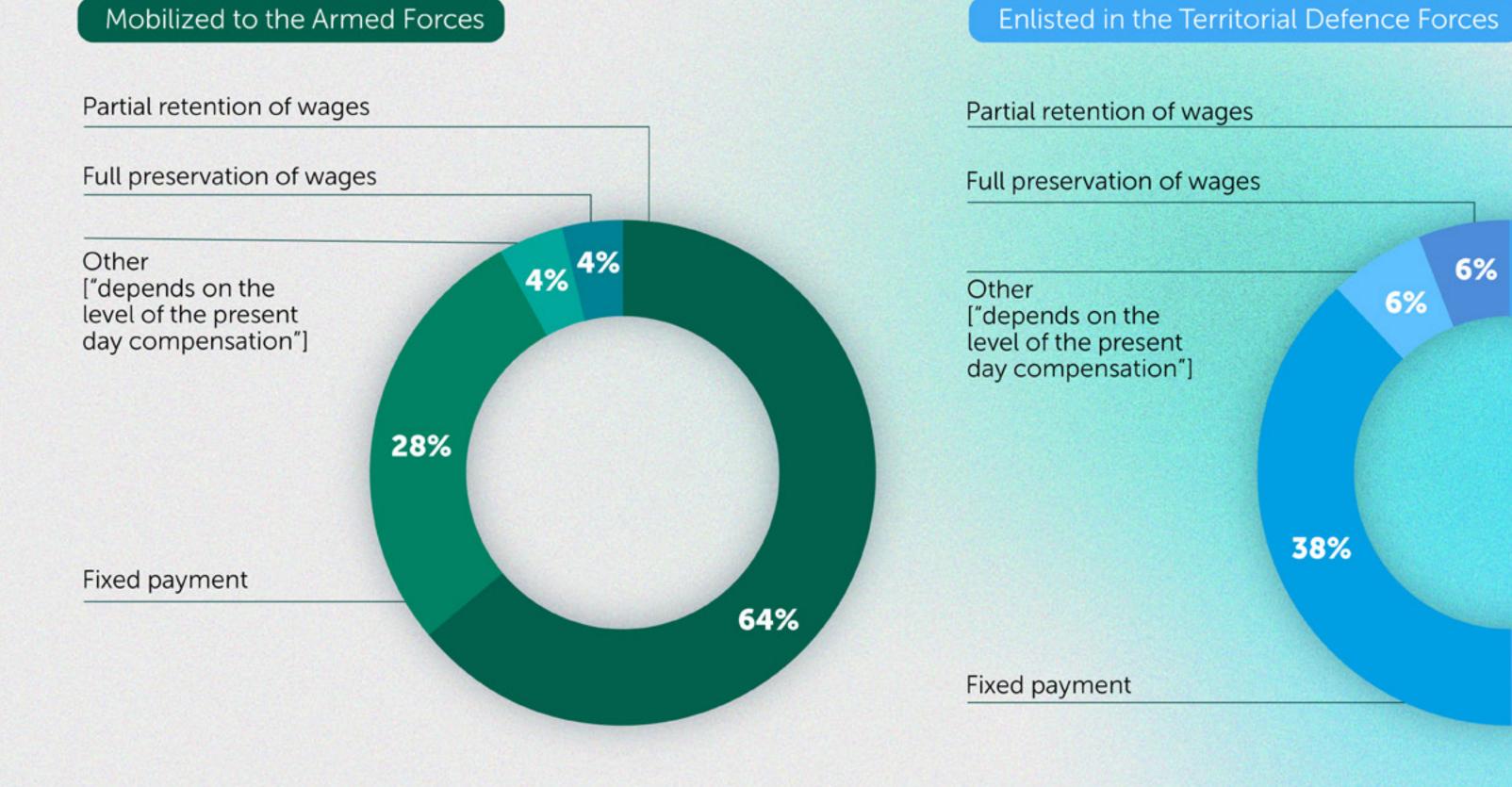
30%

of IT companies froze regular planned salary increases as of the time of the survey after the start of the full-scale invasion.

^{*}Among those who declared changes in compensation policy

3.2. Mobilization and compensation policies

Specific features of the compensation policy of companies for some categories of employees*

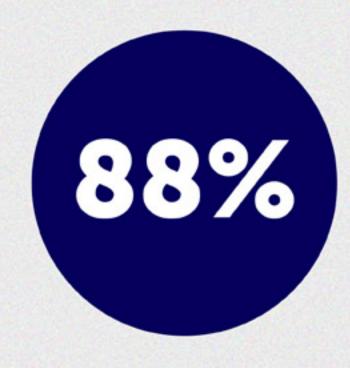


Companies support employees mobilized to the Armed Forces and Territorial Defence - partly compensate their salary or pay a fixed sum.

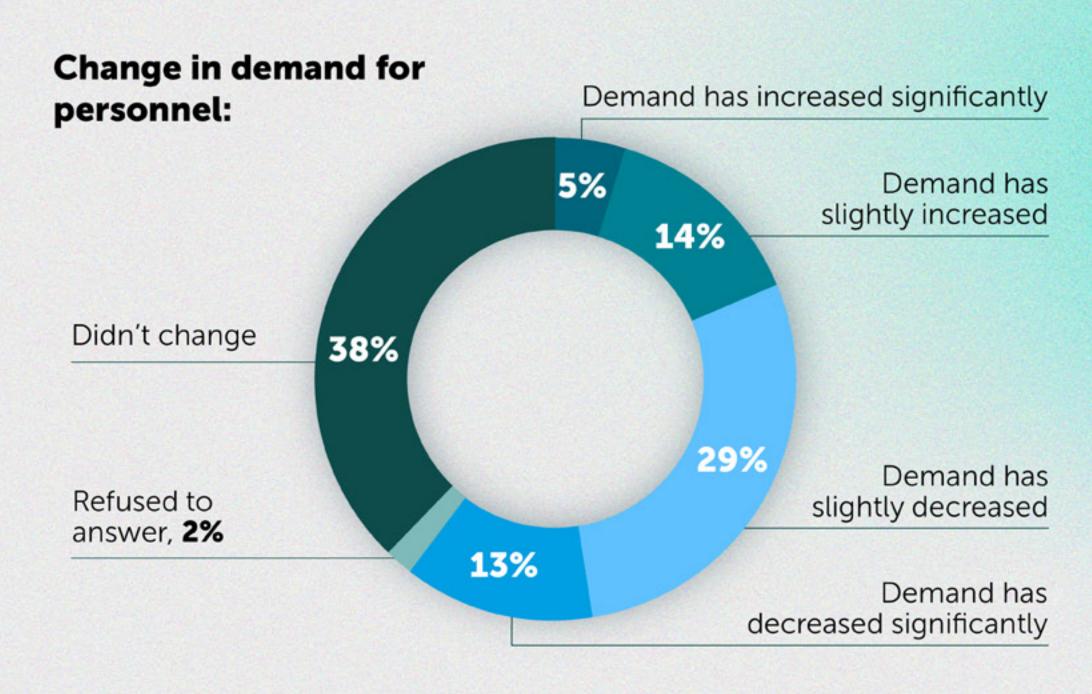
50%

^{*}Among those who declared changes in compensation policy

3.3. Employees and contractors: demand for personnel, recruitment, reserve



of IT companies note that, as of the survey, they were recruiting specialists for open vacancies. Only **10%** of the surveyed CEOs noted that layoffs occurred in the company in connection with the invasion (initiated both by the company and the employees).

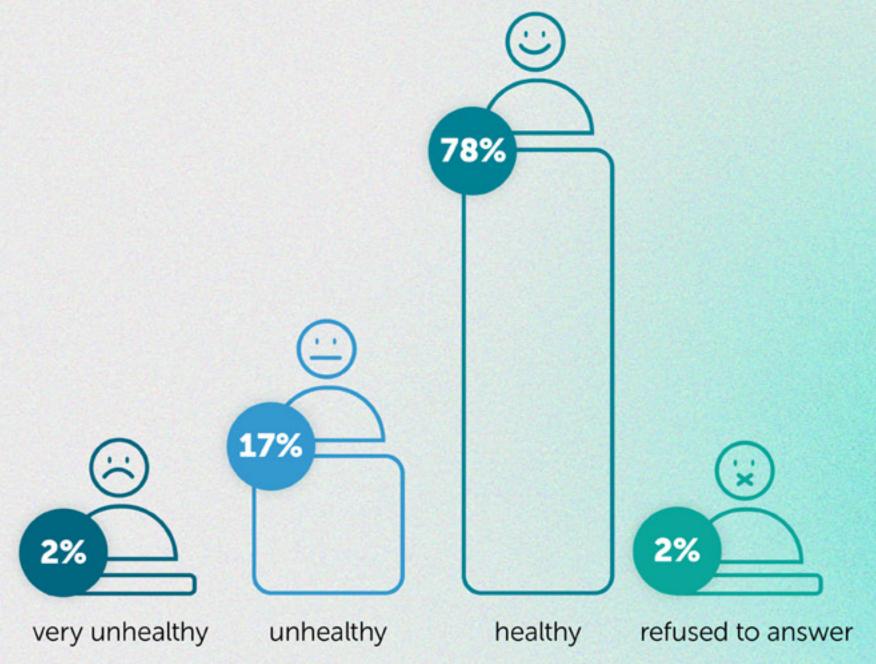


Compensation conditions for employees who are in reserve*:

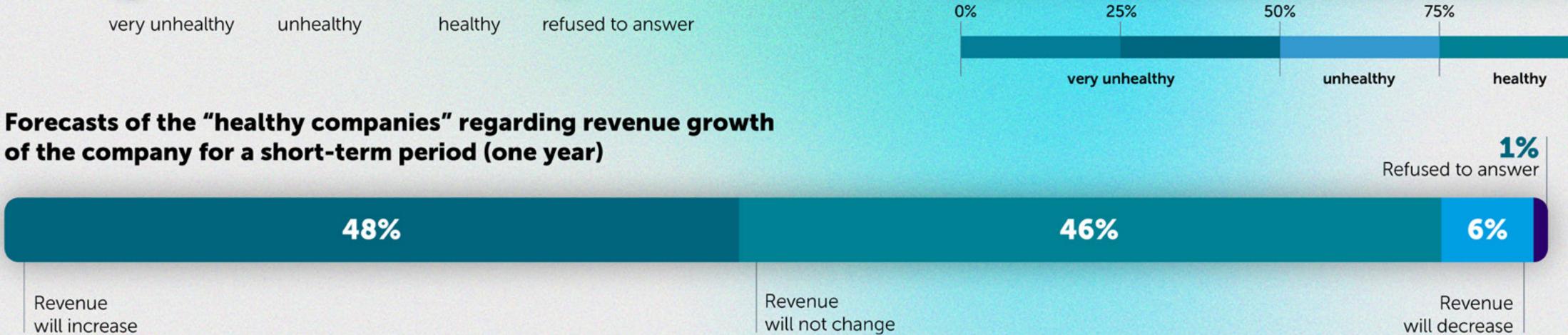
Fully paid	94%
Partially paid	21%
Unpaid	6%

^{*} Among those who indicated that they have specialists in reserve

3.4. CEOs' assessment of the "company's health"



of the company for a short-term period (one year)

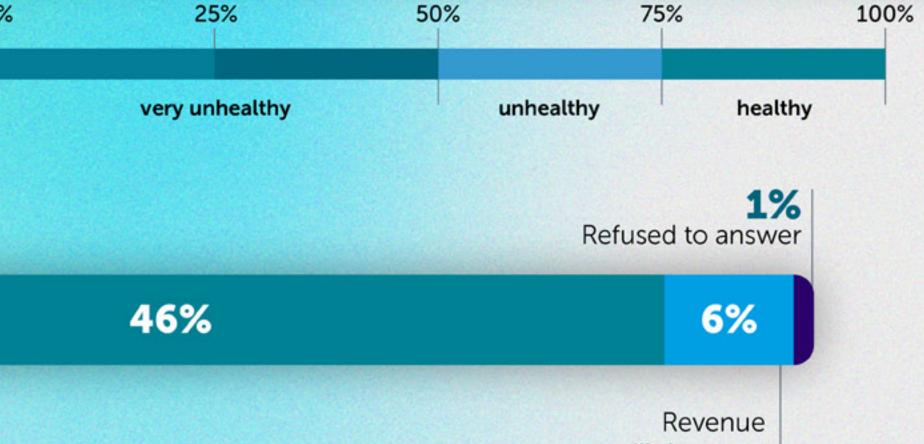


of companies assess the "company's health" as good

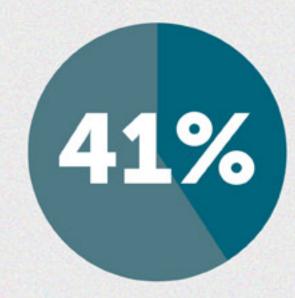
"Company's health"

a complex indicator that includes business activity, financial indicators, general well-being of the team, socially responsible activity, etc.

The category of "conditionally healthy and healthy" includes those who estimated health at 75% and above, "unhealthy" - below 75%.

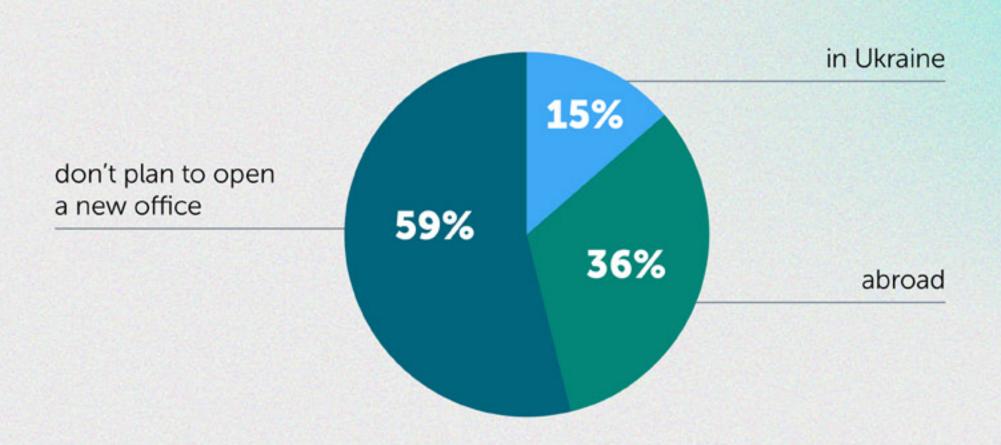


3.5. Plans to open new offices

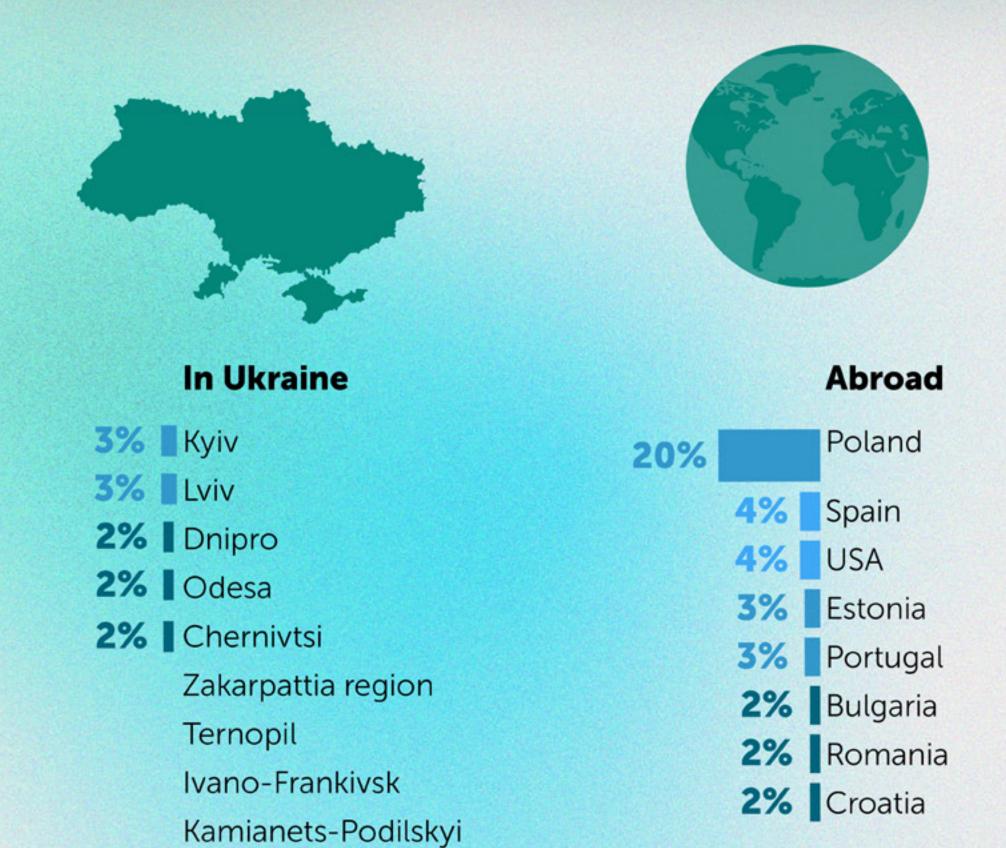


IT company CEOs plan to open new offices in the upcoming year. The most popular destination is Poland.

Short-term plans to open a new office:



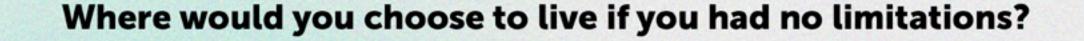
A low level of interest in opening regional offices in Ukraine can be observed.

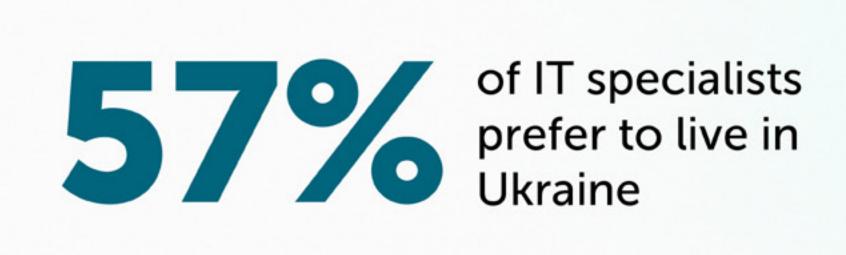


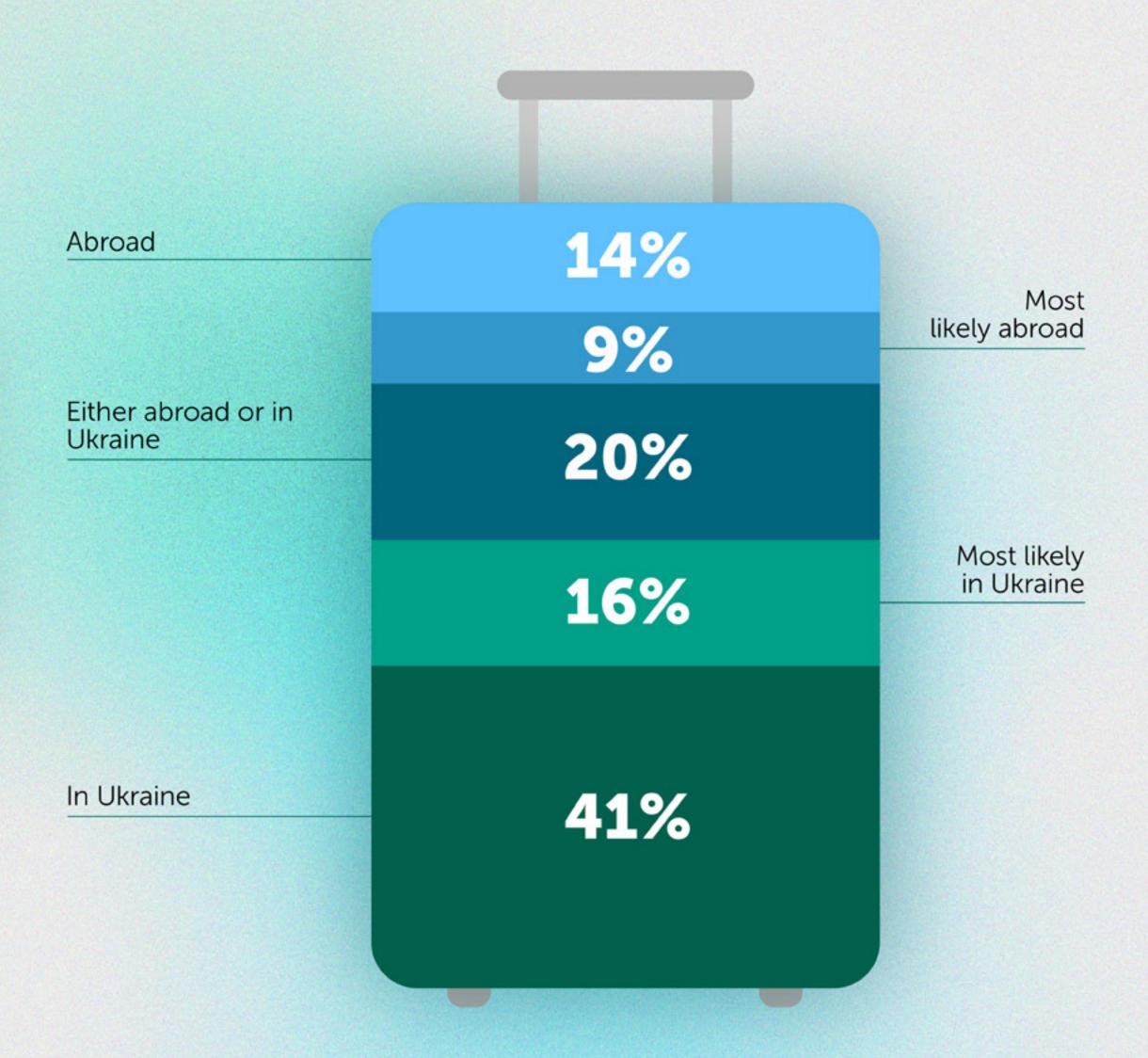
MIGRATION ATTITUDES OF IT SPECIALISTS

4. MIGRATION ATTITUDES OF IT SPECIALISTS

4.1. Overall migration attitudes







4. MIGRATION ATTITUDES OF IT SPECIALISTS

4.2. Future scenarios

Tech industry continues working for the joint victory of Ukraine in the full-scale war.

Attitude on migration demonstrates reactions of the IT market to the possible scenarios of Ukraine's economic recovery after Ukraine's victory over russia.

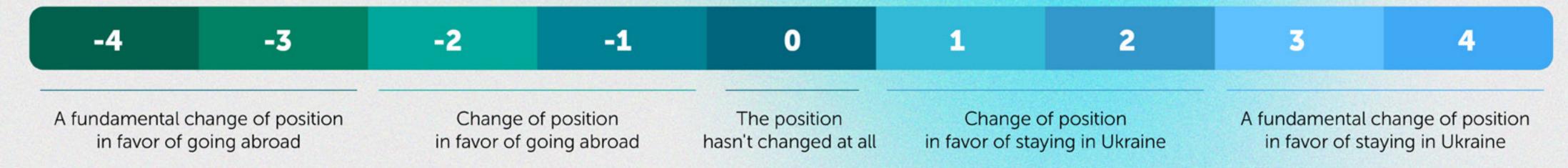
We've offered IT specialists three possible scenarios with the time interval of 1 year. Based on their assessment of each of these scenarios we indicated overall migration attitude and future scenarios.

Migration balancer

Migration balancer indicates the change of the overall migration attitudes depending on the suggested scenarios in favor of living in Ukraine or moving abroad. The indicator is calculated separately for each respondent but is given as an average group value for each scenario / factor.

The indicator varies from -4 to +4.

Scale of the migration balancer

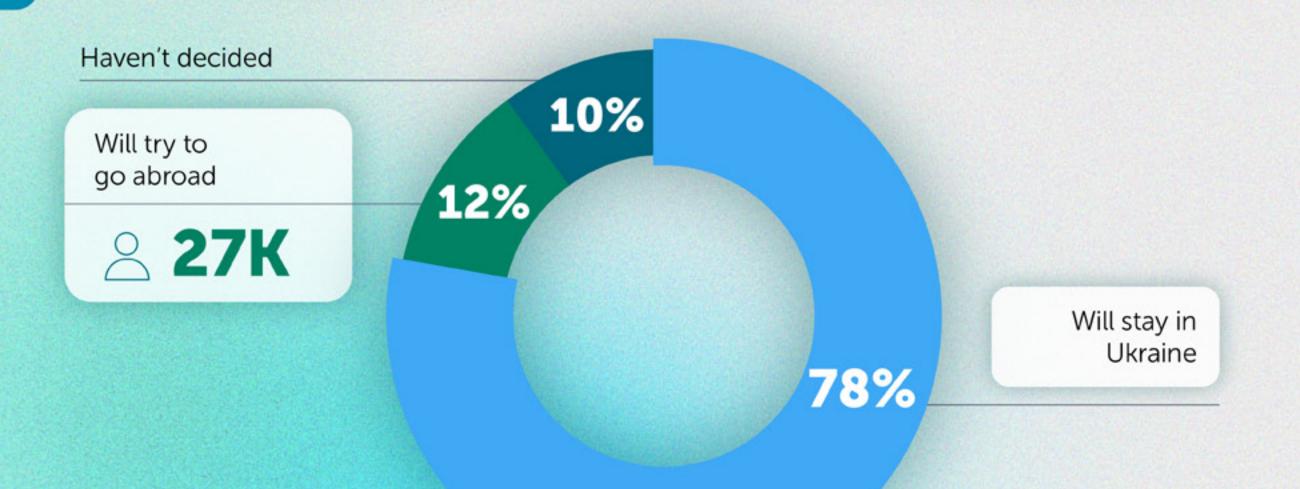


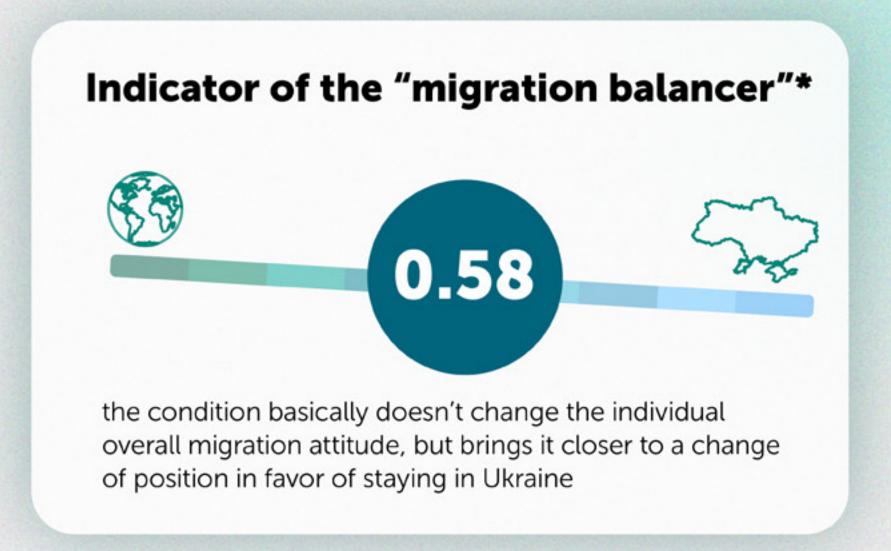
4.2. Future scenarios

Even according to the most optimistic scenario there is a threat to lose human capital

Scenario "European integration and liberalization of the economy"

Ukraine's European integration, accompanied by the full support of the Western allies for the rapid restoration of infrastructure. The way to restore the economy – maximum deregulation, economic freedom, the state does not directly interfere in market mechanisms, only provides the necessary legal framework for the modernization of Ukraine.



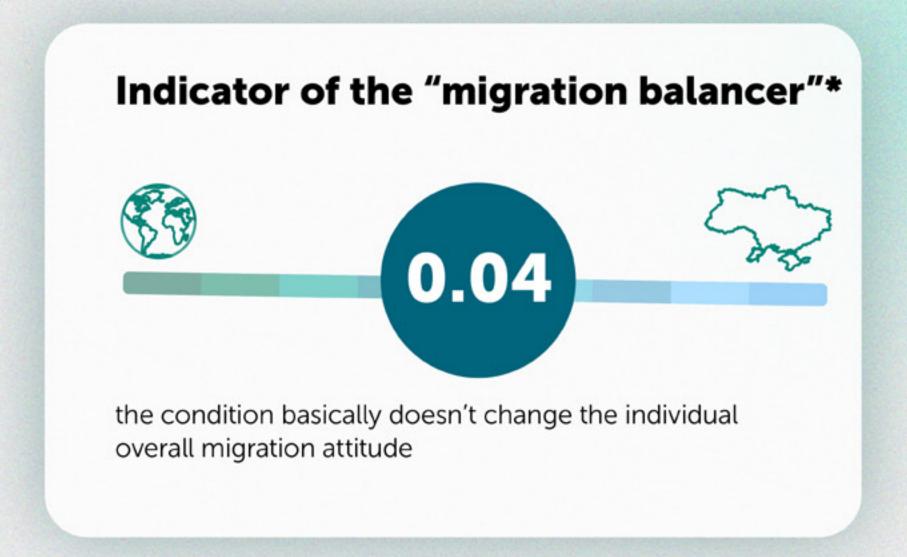




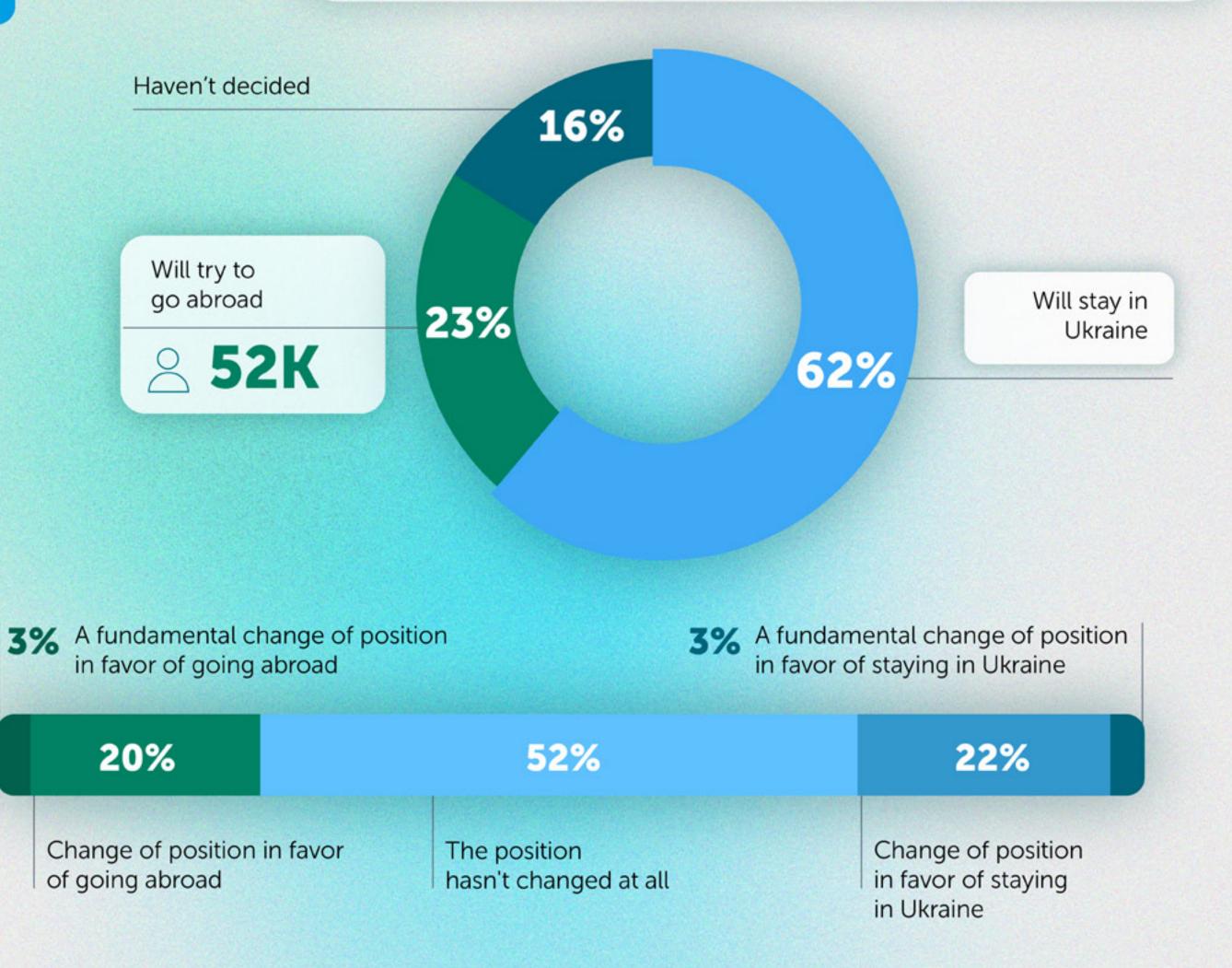
4.2. Future scenarios

Scenario "European integration and government regulation"

Ukraine's European integration, accompanied by the full support of the Western allies for the rapid restoration of infrastructure. The recovery and functioning of the economy is fully regulated by the state (as an option, the military economy, increasing the tax burden, in particular on the IT sector).



Under the condition of government regulation of the economy, the Ukrainian IT industry may lose 1/4 of specialists

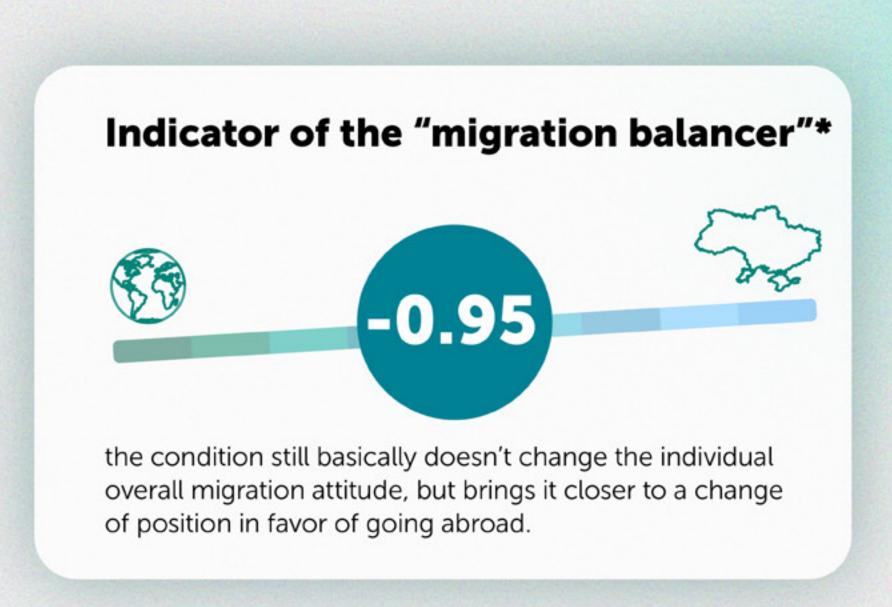


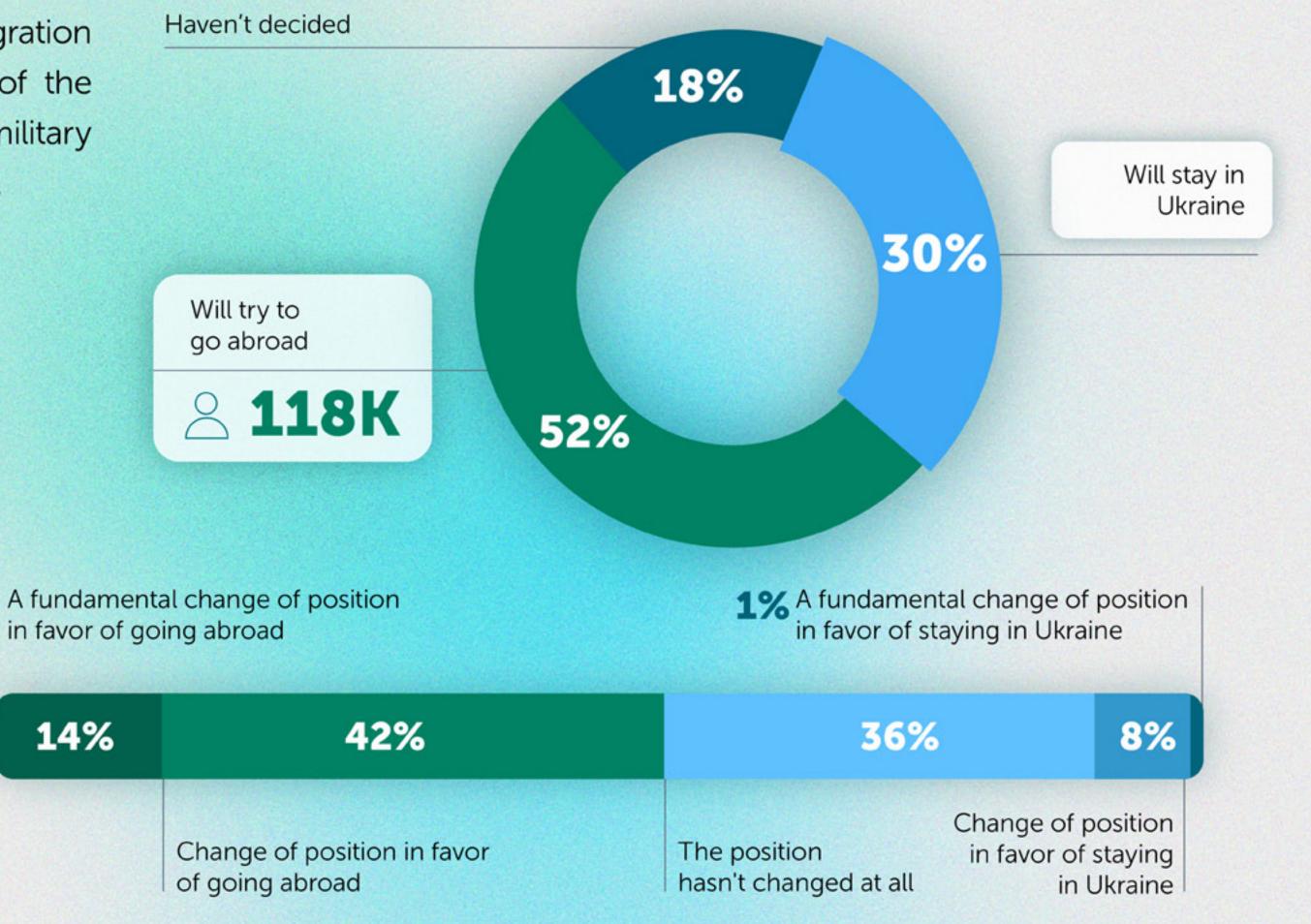
4.2. Future scenarios

Scenario "European integration on halt and government regulation"

There is no full support of the allies and the West, European integration processes have been stopped. The recovery and functioning of the economy is fully regulated by the state (as an option, the military economy, increasing the tax burden, in particular on the IT sector).

If the European integration stops and taxes increase, almost half of IT specialists might consider moving abroad





4.3. Migration decision changing factors

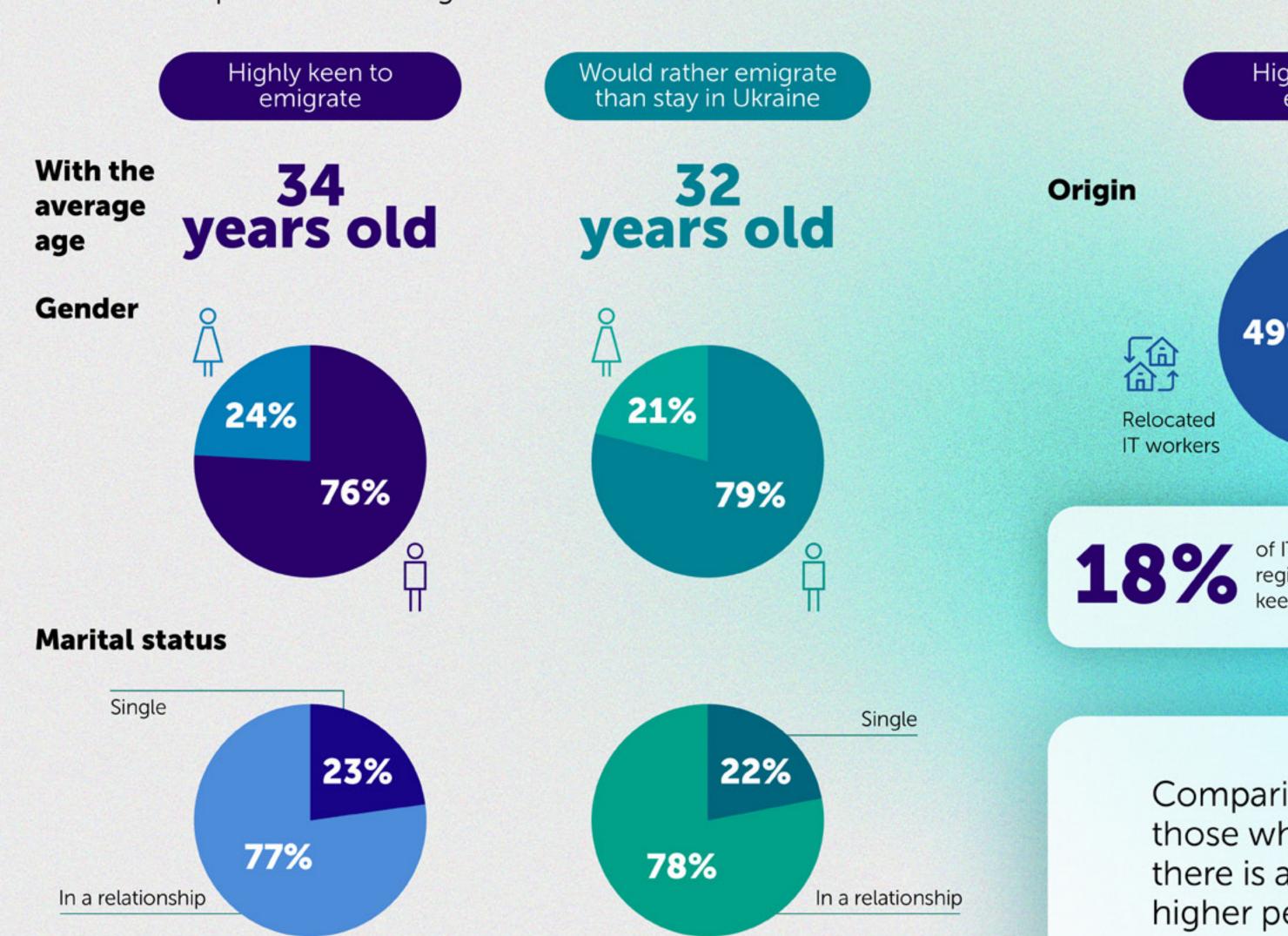
Factors relating to individual choices to stay in Ukraine

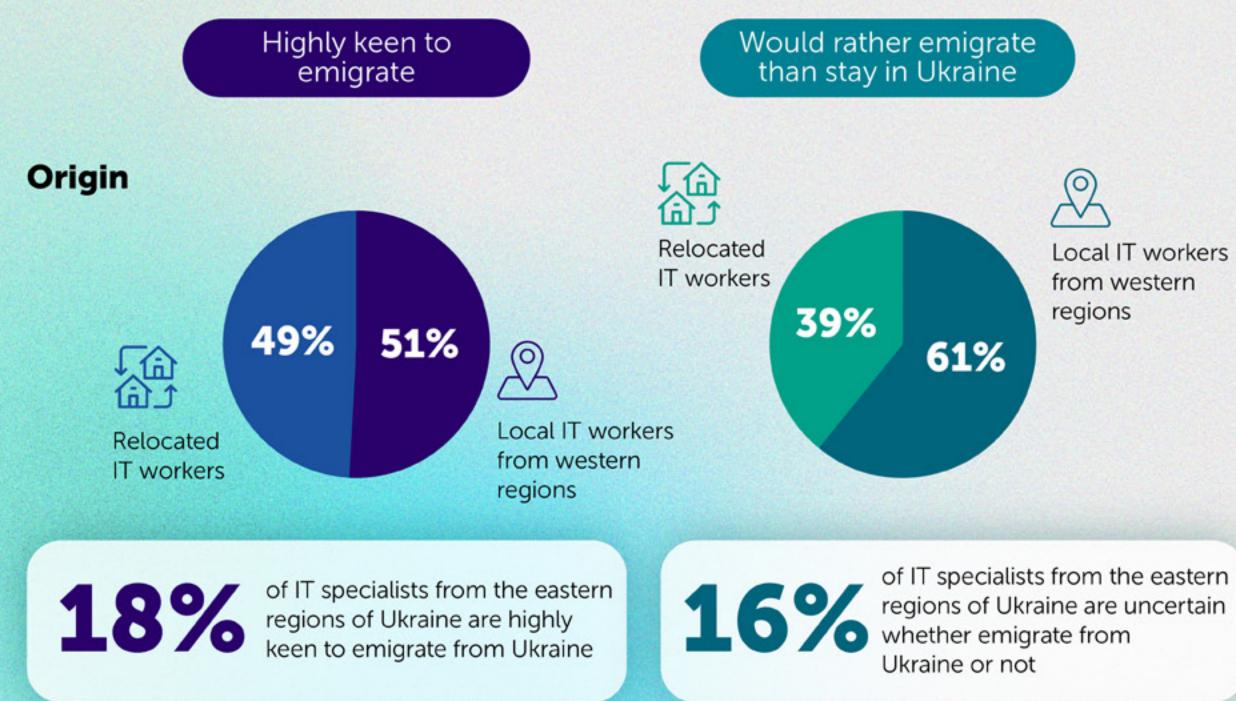
	Will stay in Ukraine	Will prefer to go abroad	Difficult to answer	"Migration balancer"
Ukraine wins the war and takes complete control of Donetsk, Luhansk, and Crimea	79%	<u>12%</u>	9%	0.63
Economic modernization and liberalization, including minimum tax deal	79%	12%	9%	0.58
The West will start to rebuild Ukraine	77%	13%	10%	0.55
Ukraine wins the war and takes control of the occupied territories, except Crimea	74%	15%	11%	0.46
Lack of IT specialists, a significant number of vacancies	69%	17%	14%	0.34
Employers could offer special benefits and create good working conditions in safe regions (locations) in Ukraine	67%	17%	16%	0.30
The country's safety strategy is based exclusively on building a professional army	64%	21%	16%	0.14

4.3. Migration decision changing factors

Factors relating to individual choices				
to emigrate from Ukraine	Will prefer to go abroad	Will stay in Ukraine	Difficult to answer	"Migration balancer"
Freezing military situation, ceasefire agreements, and spinning out of control of eastern and southern territories compared to February 23, 2022	49%	36%	15%	-0.83
Hypothetical loss of housing at the place of permanent residence	47%	35%	18%	-0.82
Economic recovery and functioning is followed by strict government regulations, in particular regarding business activities, taxation etc.	43%	36%	21%	-0.75
Loss of tech job in Ukraine	40%	36%	23%	-0.72
The state security strategy presupposes general mobilization and military service obligation	44%	38%	18%	-0.72
Shortage of tech job vacancies in Ukraine	43%	37%	21%	-0.69
Employers create moving abroad conditions / or benefits	40%	38%	22%	-0.68
The rising cost of living in Ukraine (rising prices for goods, services, renting, and so forth)	29%	48%	22%	-0.29
Rebuilding the country's economy without Western support	32%	51%	17%	-0.29
Freezing military situation, ceasefire agreements, and taking control of territories as before February 23, 2022 or closer to russian borders	34%	53%	13%	-0.28

4.4. Profile of potential IT emigrants



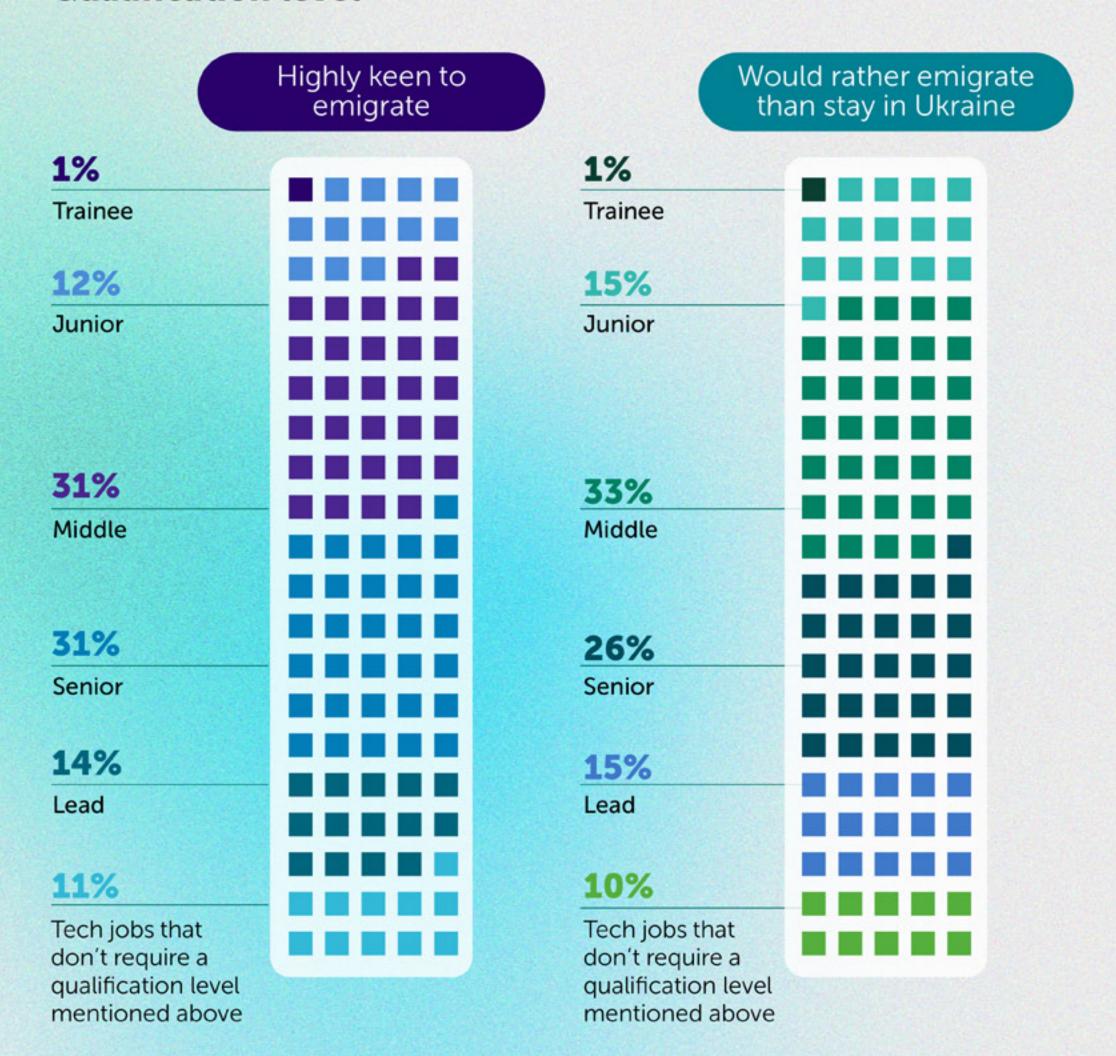


Comparing the profiles of potential IT emigrants with those who declare their intention to stay in Ukraine, there is a trend of slightly higher average age, slightly higher percentages of men, and employees of large companies.

4.4. Profile of potential IT emigrants

Working experience in tech Highly keen to Would rather emigrate than stay in Ukraine emigrate 9% 9% less than less than 1 year 1 year 19% 19% 1-3 years 1-3 years 29% 27% 3-6 years 3-6 years 22% 20% 6-10 years 6-10 years 13% 14% 10-15 years 10-15 years 8% 11% more than more than 15 years 15 years

Qualification level



IT INDUSTRY OUTLOOK AND FORECASTS

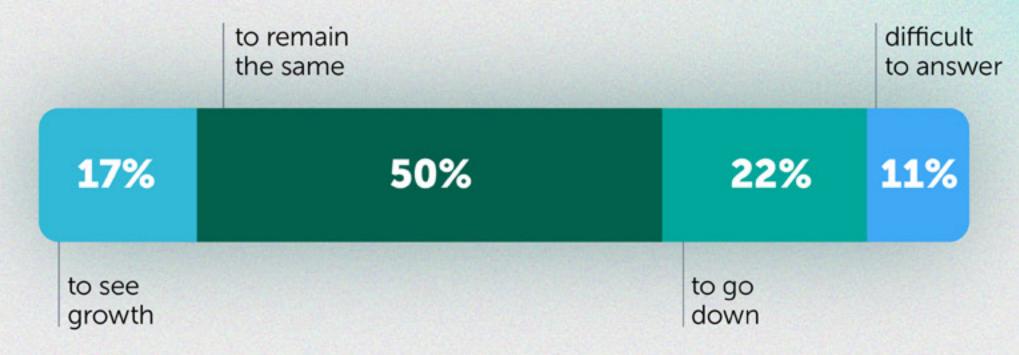
5. IT INDUSTRY OUTLOOK AND FORECASTS

5.1. IT specialists outlook

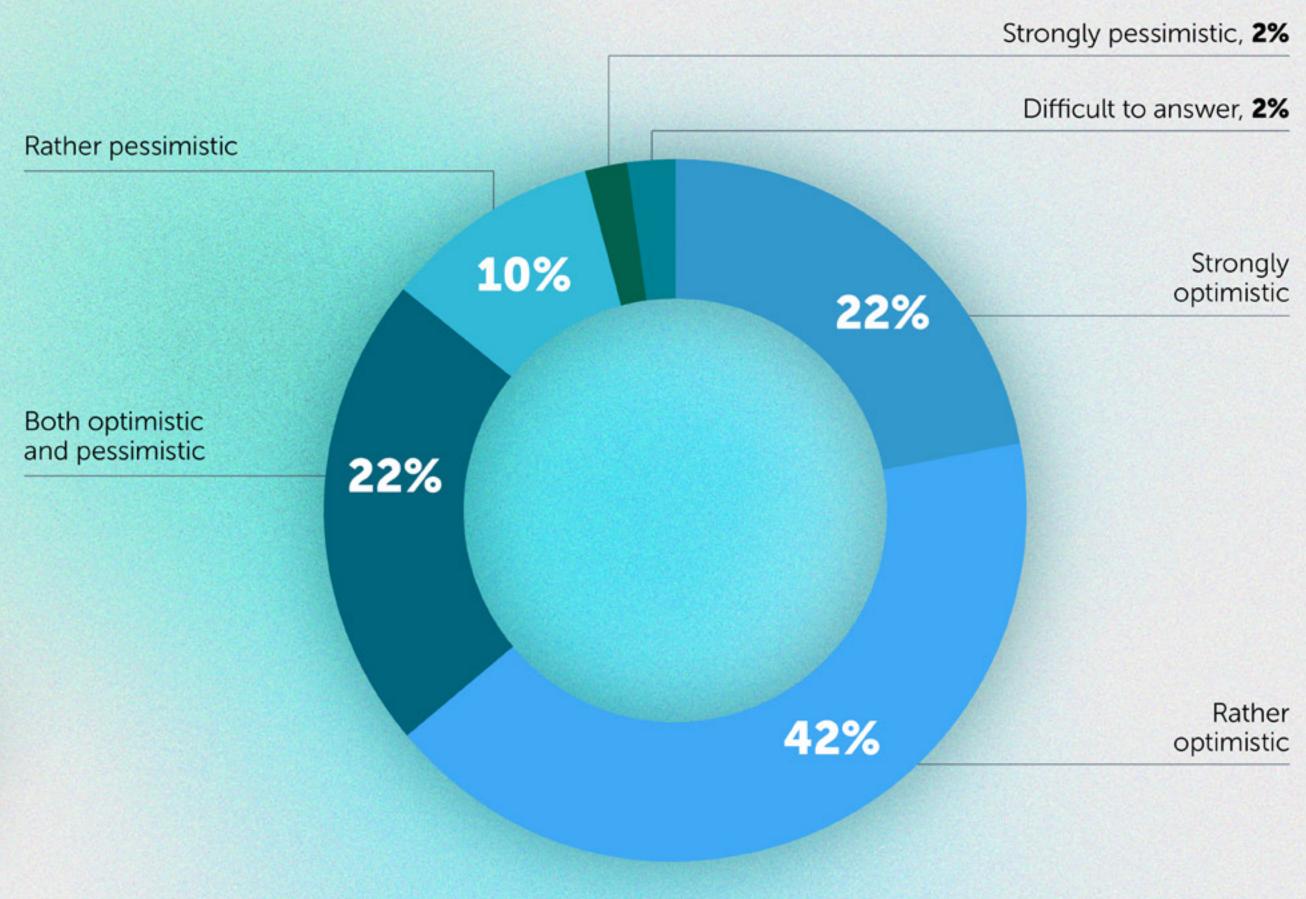
64%

IT specialists remain optimistic about Ukraine's tech industry economic future.

Over the next 12 months, IT specialists expect a median salary...



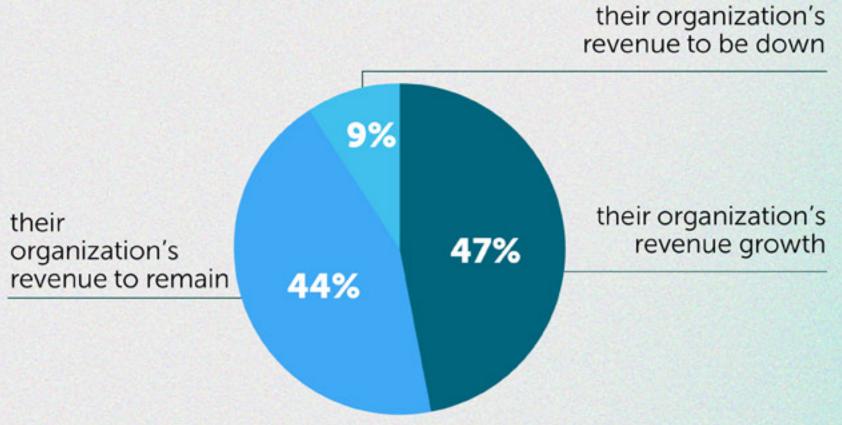
IT specialists' estimate on IT industry short-term outlook



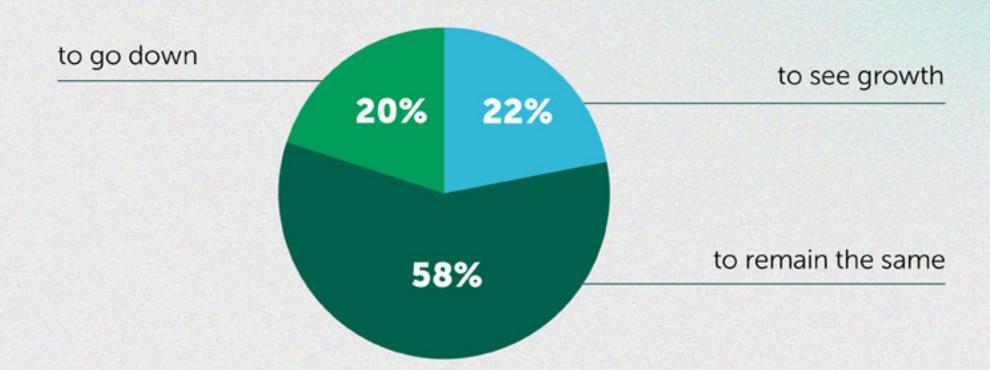
5. IT INDUSTRY OUTLOOK AND FORECASTS

5.2. CEOs outlook

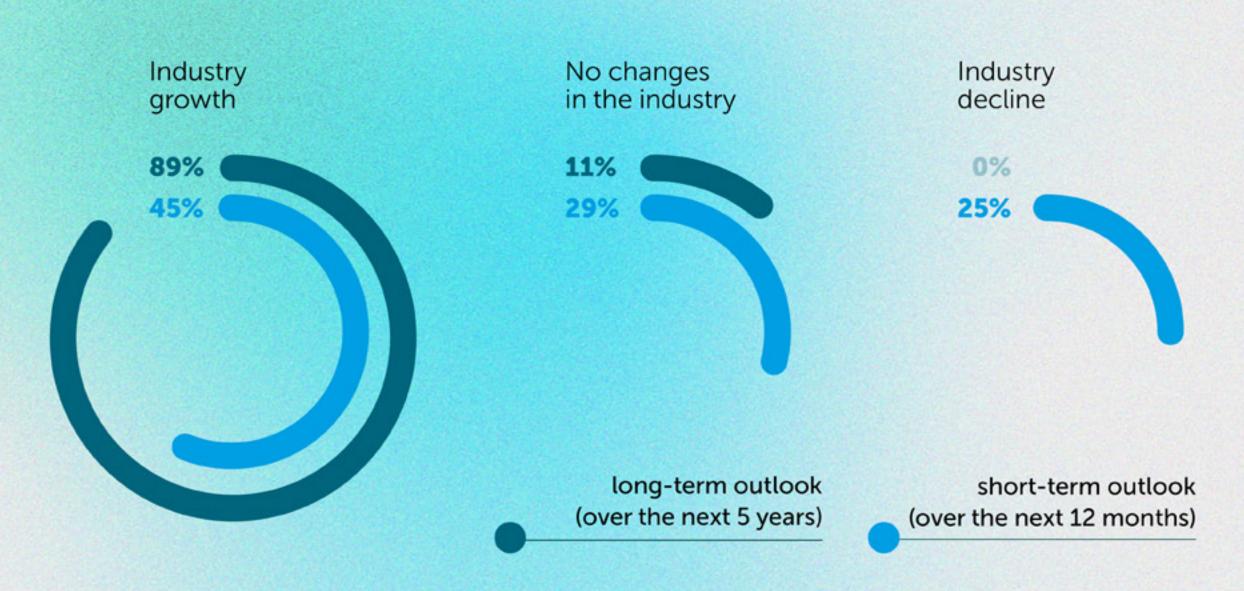
Over the next 12 months, CEOs expect



Over the next 12 months, CEOs expect an IT worker median salary



IT company CEOs' short-term forecasts are moderately optimistic, and the long-term – are strongly optimistic



5. IT INDUSTRY OUTLOOK AND FORECASTS

5.3. Estimate on industry export revenue 2022

In the first 3 months:

In January-May 2022, the IT sector showed signs of growth compared with the same period last year, according to the National Bank of Ukraine.

In the first 5 months:

By the end of 2022, tech sector's export revenue is expected to reach:

\$8.5 billion \$8.1 billion

if current trend continues

taking industry participants' expectations into account

\$7.2-7.5 billion

if the IT specialists who emigrated lose tax residency in Ukraine





The project IT Research Resilience was implemented in partnership with the Ministry of Digital Transformation, the USAID Program "Competitive Economy of Ukraine", supporting small and midsize businesses and startups, and the Western NIS Enterprise Fund, which supports initiatives to promote reforms in Ukraine and transformative projects.

















